The Caledonian Mercury.

No. 11,978.] EDINBURGH, PRINTED BY ROBERT ALLAN, MONDAY, JUNE 25. 1798. [PRICE SIXPENCE.

TO THE COMMISSIONERS OF SUPPLY OF THE COUNTY OF PERTH.

GENTLEMEN,

HAVING lately solicited the honour of your Interest in the event of a vacancy in the Collectorship of Supply for this County, which has now happened, I beg leave to offer myself a CANDIDATE for that office, and request the favour of your support and votes on the day to be fixed for the Election at Perth, which will singularly oblige, Gentlemen,

Cambuswallace, 22d June, 1798. } Your most obedient and humble servant, JOHN EDMONDSTOUNE.

DESERTED,

From the 1st Regiment of Dundee Volunteers commanded by Lieutenant Colonel Mylne,

ALEXANDER WARDEN, drummer, aged 15, 4 feet 11 inches high, black hair, thin visage, had on, when he left Dundee the 21st instant, an old regimental jacket, with red facings and blue pantaloons.—Also,

NINIAN MELVIL, fifer, aged 15, 4 feet 8 inches high, fair haired, and a good deal sun-burnt. He was dreft in the same manner as Warden. They had each of them a bundle with other clothes, and crossed the Ferry at Dundee to Fife.

Whoever will apprehend either of the above boys, and lodge them in any of his Majesty's jails, shall receive ONE GUINEA of reward, and all expences paid, upon applying to the said Lieutenant Colonel Mylne.

FIRE-OFFICE,

CORPORATION OF ROYAL EXCHANGE ASSURANCE,

(Established by Royal Charter, in the reign of Geo. I.)

THE ANNUAL PREMIUMS and DUTY due at this Office at the term of Midsummer (being the 24th current), are requested to be paid up immediately, as by neglecting payment fifteen days after that date, the benefit of the policy expires.

Policies for Insurances on Buildings, Goods, Farming Stock, &c. are issued as usual.

Assurances on Lives and Annuities are also done at this Office.

Insurance Office, THOMSONS & CO. *Agents.*

No. 8. South Bridge Street, Edinburgh.

MEMEL TIMBER.

Wanted to purchase,

SIX or EIGHT THOUSAND FEET, best Memel Timber. Apply to John Glas and Son, merchants. Stirling, June 23. 1798.

BANK STOCK.

SEVERAL SHARES of the CAPITAL STOCK of the BANK of SCOTLAND to be disposed of.—Apply to James Buchan, W. S.

HIGHLAND SOCIETY OF SCOTLAND.

A GENERAL MEETING of this Society, agreeable to their Charter, is to be held in their Hall here, on Monday the 2d July next, at 12 o'clock noon, when it is requested that all the Members then in town will attend precisely at the hour of meeting, as, besides the ordinary business, there will be a BALLOT for the admission of new Members, and by the rules of the Society, no ballot can commence till at least twenty members are present.

By order of the Directors, LEWIS GORDON, Dep. Sec.

SUBSTITUTES

WANTED FOR THE MILITIA.

SUCH YOUNG MEN as are inclined to serve as Substitutes in the Militia for Scotland, will receive a handsome Bounty by applying to

Wm. Goddard & Co. Edinr.
And. Templeton, Glasgow
Robert Sandeman, Perth
Scott and M'Bean, Inverness
Charles Buchan, Ayr
James Potts, Kelso
Charles Hay, Dunbar
And. Christie, Cupar in Fife
Charles Hunt, Dunfermline
James Scott, Dundee
John Airth, Arbroath
Adam Gregg, Montrose
Jas. Shepherd, Kerrymuir
Benjamin Ross, Tain
Robert M'Kid, Fortrose
Wm. Wilson, Thurso
Alex. Miller, Wick.

Those insured by any of the above Agents on whom the lot to serve has fallen, must apply personally, (not by letter) to the Agent who delivered to them the obligation of relief.

MILITIA INSURANCE.

NOTICE is hereby given, to such Persons as are Insured by ROBERT ALLAN and JOHN & JOHN LEARMONTH, & Co. who have been drawn to serve, and for whom they may not be able to procure Substitutes, that they have given orders to all their Agents in the country to pay the penalty of TEN POUNDS—and also beg leave to acquaint the insured, that though they are still liable to be balloted for in any after ballot, yet the insurerers stand between them and any such future ballot which may take place in consequence of the late acts of Parliament.

The insured therefore, need not give themselves any farther trouble, than informing the gentleman who issued their certificate, of their having been called upon.

Edinburgh, June 20. 1798.

FURNISHED LODGINGS, &c.

ROBERT REID respectfully informs his Friends and the Public, That he has now REMOVED from the George Inn, Bristo Port, to his house upon the Terrace, Leith Street, No. 14. second storey, which he has fitted up in an elegant stile for FURNISHED LODGINGS; and he pledges himself that those who shall please to countenance him in this new line of business shall be treated in every respect with the utmost care and attention.

R. R. desires also to inform them, That he continues to carry on the STABLING BUSINESS in the stables lately possessed by Mr Robertson, Black Bull Inn—and to Furnish Coaches and Saddle Horses upon the shortest notice. And they will please observe, that the Diligence to Jedburgh, in which he is still a Partner, will begin upon Wednesday next, and thereafter continue to set out from J. Reid's, King's Arms Tavern, High Street—The days of running and fare as formely.

FARMS IN ABERDEENSHIRE.

TO BE SOLD,

A LEASE of 24 years and crops from Whitsunday 1798. of the Farms of MEIKLE HAUGHS and MILL of ASHOGLE, as lately possessed by the deceased George Gerard, Esq. younger of Midstrath, lying in the parish of Turreff, and county of Aberdeen,

These farms consist of about 400 Scots acres, mostly arable, a great part of which is in a high state of cultivation, being chiefly laid down with grass. They are of a fine early soil, and beautifully situated upon the banks of the Daveron, and produce grain of a quality superior to any in that country. They are only about nine measured miles from the sea-ports of Banff and Macduff. There is a house upon the farm of Haughs, fit for the accommodation of a genteel family, and a complete and substantial steading of offices, with a threshing machine, and a sufficient command of water.

The purchaser may have access to the house and garden at Martinmas next. John Robertson, overseer at Haughs, will show the grounds, and the day of sale will be afterwards publickly notified. In the mean time, application for further particulars may be made to Alexander Beatson, writer to the signet, Alexander Shand, advocate in Aberdeen, and Archibald Young writer in Banff.

AT LEITH—FOR LONDON,

The Union Shipping Co's Armed Smacks,

EDINBURGH & BERWICK PACKET,

WILLIAM COOPER Master,

Will take in goods till Wednesday at noon, when she will sail.

Union Shipping Company's Office, Leith, 25th June, 1798.

TO DEBTORS.

THE Debtors to the Estate of ALEXANDER SINCLAIR, merchant in Elgin, are requested to pay in their debts to John Gatherer, writer in Elgin, who has alone power to receive and discharge the same, on or before the 1st day of August next, certifying to those who fail so to do, that they will be prosecuted for payment.

WESTMINSTER SOCIETY.

FOR INSURANCE ON LIVES AND SURVIVORSHIPS,

Established 1792—Capital L. 200,000.

STRAND 1798.

INSURERS with this Society are desired to take notice, that Payments for Insurances must be made within fifteen days after they become due, or their Policies will become void.

Annuitants whose Annuities are due, may receive the same any day betwixt the hours of ten and three o'clock, holidays excepted.

The business of this Society being extended into most parts of the kingdom, Agents are appointed to receive Proposals for Insurances on Lives, and also for the grant of Annuities, and Annuities will be paid by such Agents through whom they are granted, at Michaelmas and Lady-day.

The Society having reduced their Premiums, the new Tables of Rates, with Conditions of Insurances, may be had upon application at the Office, or to any of the said Agents; and on stating the age of the parties, the terms for annuities.

This Society, considering the present situation of affairs, have determined not to require any addition of Premiums in consequence of any person already insured with them, or who may in future be insured, becoming an officer or private in the militia, fencibles, or in any volunteer corps for security and defence of the kingdom during the present war, limiting their respective services to Great Britain.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

ROBERT SKELTON, Secretary.

ROBERT ALLAN & SON, Edinburgh, } Agents.
JOHN BUCHANAN, jun. Glasgow.

TO CREDITORS.

THE Creditors of GEORGE M'KENZIE, Painter in Edinburgh, are requested to meet in John's Coffeehouse, on Wednesday next, the 27th current, at two o'clock afternoon, when a state of his affairs will be laid before them, and their directions taken about disposing of the subjects, for their behoof. They will please bring notes of their claims against Mr Mackenzie with them.

VOLUNTARY SUBSCRIPTIONS.

The following Subscriptions at PERTH.

The Town of Perth,	L.500 0	Major George Augustus Barry,	5 5
The 1st batt. of Royal Perth Volunteers,	525 0	Walter Miller, clerk, Perth bank,	5 5
Alex. Fechney, Esq. of Ardargie, Provost of Perth,	50 0	Alex. Gibson, master of the academy,	5 5
James Chalmers, Esq. Sheriff Substitute of Perthshire,	31 10	William Ross, writer,	15 15
James Murray, Esq. of Dullary, Sheriff Clerk, annually during the war,	52 10	Sir John Wedderburn of Ballindean,	150 0
Jas. Paton, Joint Sh. Clk	42 0	Pat. Miller, town clerk,	5 5
John Young, linen manufacturer,	52 10	Patrick Miller, writer,	3 3
Jas. Ramsay, merchant,	21 0	John Eaddie, cork cutter,	2 2
Alex. Steuart, physician,	31 10	The Rev. Mr John Duff, minister	5 5
John Ross, merchant,	25 0	David Woodraw, mercht.	5 5
Patrick Small, do.	25 0	Robert Sandeman, mercht.	5 5
Dav. Geo. Sandeman, do.	15 15	Law. Robertson, do.	10 10
Rt. Ross, manufacturer,	31 10	Rev. Mr John Dempster, minister,	3 3
Thomas Hay Marshall, manufacturer,	31 10	Dav. Lumsdaine, writer,	10 10
Alexander M'Glashan, Charlotte Street,	21 0	William Stewart, do.	10 10
John M'Ewan, mason,	10 10	John Caw, merchant,	21 0
William Gray, smith,	10 10	George Ramsay, do.	5 5
Pat. Duncan, town clerk,	21 0	Will. Wallace, of the academy,	1 1
Charles Husband, writer,	10 10	Will. Alison, merchant,	3 5
George Condie, do.	10 10	Tho. Wakefield, vintner,	5 5
Robert Peddie, writer,	10 10	Jas. Richardson, mert.	31 10
John Brodie, merchant,	10 10	Alex. Alison, mert.	5 5
Charles Laing, do.	15 15	Rob. Mathew, baker,	4 0
Wm. Sandeman and Co. manufacturers,	21 0	Tho. Robertson, glover,	1 1
Peter Duff, merchant,	10 10	Jas. Marshal, combmaker,	5 5
Sandeman, Turnbull and Co. at Luncarty and Tulloch bleachfields,	52 10	Duncan Ogilvy mert.	2 2
David Beation, manufacturer,	15 15	John Halket, landwaiter,	2 2
James Burt, merchant,	15 15	Peter M'Craw, messenger,	2 2
Robert Richardson, do.	15 15	Miller, Wright, and Co. of Perth brewery,	21 0
James Laing, do.	10 10	Dun. Spottiswood, mert.	10 10
Sandeman, Blair, & Co. manufacturers,	31 10	John Gray, mert.	3
Andrew Kelty, physician,	10 10	John Manson, do.	1 1
David Walker, cashier, Perth bank,	10 10	Peter M'Lean, dancing-master,	3 3
Thomas Whitson, writer,	10 10	Dav. M'Lean, plasterer,	2 2
Chas. Archer, merchant,	10 10	James Kilgour, baker,	2 2
Ja. Cornfute, Lieutenant, Caledonian volunteers,	10, 10	John Anderson, mert.	2 2
Walter Miller, Comptroller of Customs,	10 10	James Gillespie, do.	3 3
PeterElder, manufacturer,	10 10	Tho. Gairdiner, alefeller,	1 1
Morison and Lindfay, Paper Mill,	21 0	Peter Stewart, mert.	1 1
Josiah Walker, Collector of Customs,	20 0	John M'Intosh, broker.	1 1
William Ramsay, Craigie brewery,	15 15	Dun. M'Dougal, innkeeper,	3 3
LaurenceBuchan, mercht.	10 10	His servants, Salutation inn,	2 2
Colin Richardson, horse dealer,	5 5	James Mitchell, mert.	5 5
John Steuart, Esq. of Taybank,	40 0	James Balmain, do.	1 1
James Caw, merchant,	15 15	Thomas Peddie, manufacturer,	5 5
John Whittet of Frankleyden,	15 15	John M'Intosh, mert.	1 1
Alex. Wilf of the Customs,	6 6	David Goldie, do.	0 5
George Proudfoot of Balbuchty,	15 15	John Brown, baker,	2 2
James Proudfoot, mercht.	15 15	John Scott, baker,	1 1
James Bell, resident,	21 0	John Glass Sandeman, manufacturer,	2 2
Rt. Miller cotton spinner,	10 10	Thomas Miller, baker,	2 2
David Sandeman, mercht,	5 5	William Rankine, mert.	10 10
Wm. Aikmore, teacher,	12 0	George Jardine, do.	1 1
Thomas Black, mercht.	10 10	Patrick Maxwell, do.	1 1
Geo. Moncrieff, physician,	7 7	William Prop, glover.	0 10
Geo. Sandeman, wright,	10 10	James Dewar, merchant,	1 1
Adam Pringle, merchant,	7 7	Dav. Bisset, meal-mert.	1 1
The Rev. Mr James Scott, minister,	5 5	John Maxwell, meal-merchant,	1 1
Robert Stewart, mercht.	10 10	Will. Graham, mercht.	1 1
Robert Morison, printer,	7 7	John Sheddan, smith,	1 1
Dav. Morison, manufact.	21 0	Rob. Morris, wright,	1 1
John Rutherford, writer,	10 10	Will. Fenwick, mason,	1 1
MrAdamPeebles, minister,	5 5	Two fervant maids,	0 5
Andrew Duff, teacher,	1 1	Henry Buist, land-furveyor,	1 1
MathewDavidson, furgeon,	5 5	Henry Buist, of a fine recovered,	1 1
William Stewart, mercht.	31 10	John Stalker, clerk to Mr John Young, manufacturer,	1l.11s.6d.
Charles Husband, writer, a fine against destroyers of planting at Stenton,	5 5	Robert Bisset, foreman to do.	1 1
John Parie, glover,	1 1	Eben. Marshall, Esq. of Kilcairney,	50 0
Thomas Fisken, mercht.	5 5	John M'Ewan, flax-dreffer,	2 2
John Skene, do.	5 5	James Shaw, wright,	1 1
James Ballingall, do.	5 5	Alex. Campbell, mert.	3 3
Patrick Grant, glover,	3 3	Patrick Henry, Esq. of Woodend,	10 10
The Rev. Mr Ja. Moody, minister,	10 0	Miss Janet Henry, his daughter,	1 1
Fra. Robertson, bleacher,	21 0	Miss Bell Brown, a child,	2s. 6d.
		Mr Henry's fervants,	4s. 6d.
		Mr Henry's tenants,	12s. 6d.
		John Murie, flesher,	3 0
		Alex. Proudfoot, do.	3 0
		John Purdie, dancing master,	1l. 11s. 6d.
		John Hogg, currier,	2 0
		Robert Clark, writer,	3 0
		Alex. Porteous, mercht.	5 5

LADIES SUBSCRIPTIONS.

Mrs Bisset,	5 5	Mrs James Ramsay,	5 5
Mrs Beveridge,	3 3	Miss Amelia Ramsay,	3 3
Mrs Chalmers,	10 10	Miss Agnes Ramsay,	2 2
Mrs Wilson,	5 5	Miss Barbara Stewart,	3 3
Mrs Craigie's 2 children, 7s. a piece each, being their new year's gift.	0 14	Miss Mary Stewart,	3 3
Mrs Craigie's 2 servant maids & a boy,	7s. 6d.	Mrs Millar,	10 0
Three ladies,	2 3	Mrs Duncan,	10 10
Miss Helen Fechney,	3 3	Miss Bevight,	4 4
Miss Agnes Fechney,	3 3	Miss Duncans,	2 2
Mrs John Young,	10 10	Miss Wilson,	4 4
		Miss Marion Marshall,	5 5
		Miss Burt,	1 1
		Two ladies,	2l. 12s. 6d.
Total Sum	L. 28315 6 7		

The following Subscriptions in the Parish of METHVEN, County of Perth.

The Rev. Mr John Dow, minister, per annum during the war, L.21 0 0

Colonel GRAHAM of BALGOWAN's Estate.

Mr Henry Burt, factor for Col. Graham of Balgowan,	L.21 0 0	James Shiells,	0 5 6
Ja. Walker, tenant at Meekven,	2 2 0	John Dowe,	0 5 0
Patrick Stirling, tenant at Cloag,	5 5 0	Andrew Scobie,	0 5 0
James Watt, tenant at Dalcrove,	2 2 0	James Soutar,	0 5 0
John Robertson, tenant at Drumcairn,	2 2 0	Daniel M'Farlane,	0 5 0
Charles Sidey, residing at Lednook, fervant to Col. Graham,	1 10 0	James M'Ewan,	0 5 0
JohnScobie, New Mains of Balgowan,	1 5 0	Samuel Small,	0 5 0
Alex. Thomson, Whitebank,	1 1 0	Alex. Storrer,	0 5 0
Malcolm Reid, dyker,	1 1 0	Hugh Gorrie,	0 5 0
John Scott, do.	1 1 0	John Sorlie,	0 3 0
John Scott miller, Dalcrove,	0 10 6	John Taylor,	0 2 6
Wm. Garvie, do.	0 10 6	Ja. M'Farlane,	0 2 6
Ja. M'Intosh gardener, Balgowan,	0 10 6	Robert Allan,	0 2 6
Gregory Marriot, Lednock,	1 1 0	Gilbert Watson,	0 2 6
Mrs Sarah Marriot, do.	0 5 0	John Marshall,	0 2 6
John Smeiton wright, Balgowan,	0 10 0	Andrew Clink,	0 2 6
David Murray,	0 10 0	James Reoch,	0 2 6
John Hally,	0 7 6	James Scott,	0 2 6
Andrew Hally,	0 6 0	James Henderson,	0 2 6
Thomas Spotar,	0 5 0	Henry Cross,	0 2 6
John Gorrie,	0 5 0	John Garvie,	0 2 6
John Taylor, jun.	0 5 0	Thomas Garvie,	0 2 6
		Wm. Snimie, fervant to Mr Walker, Meekveno	2 6
		John M'Donald, do.	0 2 6
		John Marshall, do.	0 2 6
		Tho. Mores, Balgowan,	0 2 6
		T. Gorrie, labourer, do.	0 2 6
		Peter Imrie,	0 2 6
		Duncan Drummond,	0 2 6
		James Miller, fmith, Meekven,	0 5 0
		Four fubfcriptions, 2s. each,	0 8 0
		Six do. 1s. 6d. each,	0 9 0
		Seven do. 1s. each,	0 7 0

Lord METHVEN's Estate

John Wylie, Westwood,	5 5 0	James Gow, do.	0 5 0
Ja. Arnot, Loanleven,	5 5 0	David Chrilton, Drumvaich,	0 5 0
DavidRitchie, Cassochy,	5 5 0	Wm. Kermock, do.	0 5 0
John Miller, Myreside,	2 2 0	Jo. Alifon, Sauchop,	0 5 0
David Miller, Carse of Myreside,	2 2 0	Robert Sharp, Loanlevan,	0 5 0
Hugh Miller, Woodhead,	2 2 0	Alexander Robertfon, Methvan,	0 5 0
John Miller jun. Myreside.	1 1 0	David Ferguffon, do.	0 5 0
James Jack, Busby,	1 1 0	John Gowrie, do.	0 5 0
James-Miller, do.	1 1 0	Allan Soutar, do.	0 5 0
JamesM'Leish, Ardiley,	1 1 0	James Mellefs, do.	0 5 0
Wm. Grigor, weaver, Methven,	1 1 0	John Miller, do.	0 5 0
Ja. Ritchie, flesher, do.	1 0 0	Daniel Robertfon, do.	0 5 0
Andrew Henderfon, fchoolmafter, do.	0 15 0	William Seed, do.	0 5 0
Miss M Henderfon, do.	0 10 0	John Grigor, do.	0 5 0
Thos. Bifhop, gardener, Methven-Caftle,	0 10 6	Peter Cock, Wood of Methvan,	0 5 0
Donald Anderfon, do.	0 10 6	Ja. Malloch, Needburn,	0 5 0
Duncan Maxton, do.	0 10 6	Peter Scott, Burnside of Arditey,	0 5 0
Alexander Braid, do.	0 4 0	John Miller, Arditey,	0 3 0
James Goodale, do.	0 2 6	Peter Wylie, Methvan,	0 3 0
William Rowling, do.	0 5 0	John Speedy, do.	0 2 6
Alexander Robertfon, Powfide,	0 10 6	Wm. Gorrie, do.	0 2 6
Ja. Proudfoot, Busby,	0 10 6	Alexander Ritchie, do.	0 2 6
David Walker, Wefter Loanleven,	0 10 6	Thomas Mitchell, do.	0 2 6
John Myles, officer of excife,	0 10 6	John Fifher, do.	0 2 6
Laur. Lenie, Lochfe,	0 10 6	David Gorram, do.	0 2 6
William M'Farlane, Needburn,	0 10 6	Peter Camerdn, do.	0 2 6
J. Young, Newbigging,	0 10 6	Wm. Ramfay, do.	0 2 6
Robert Fotheringham, Methven,	0 10 6	John M'Farlane, do.	0 2 6
Hugh Kermack, fhoemaker, do.	0 10 6	Alex. M'Gill, Methvan,	0 2 6
And. Clark, Birfolton,	0 10 0	John Cameron, do.	0 2 6
James Proudfoot, do.	0 10 0	William Watt, do.	0 2 6
David Speedy, Woodhead,	0 10 0	Alex. Murray, mafon, Kilderfland,	0 3 0
Joseph Riddell, mafon,	0 5 0	David Cuthbert, do. Needburn,	0 3 6
Wm. Nairne, Arditey,	0 5 0	John Harley, Campfie,	0 2 6
Peter Peddie, do.	0 5 0	John Bullions, do.	0 2 6
George Peddie, do.	0 5 0	John Brown, do.	0 2 6
James Peddie, do.	0 5 0	David Alifon, Sauchop,	0 2 6
JohnScobie, Drumvaich,	0 5 0	James Grigor, Poundie,	0 2 6
		William Sword, do.	0 2 6
		Two Subfcriptions, 2s. each,	0 4 0
		One do.	0 1 6
		Three do. 1s. each,	0 3 0

The Servants of Meff. MORRISON & LINDSAY, papermakers, Woodend.

William Farmar,	L.1 1 0	Walter Laing,	0 2 0
Peter Gray,	0 10 6	James Sharp,	0 2 6
John Roy,	0 10 6	Elifabeth Sharp,	0 2 6
Thomas Gorrie,	0 5 6	Jean White,	0 2 6
David Thomfon,	0 2 6	Peter Miller,	0 2 0
David Montgomery,	0 2 6	John Miller,	0 2 0
George Hill,	0 2 6	Eliz. French Steuart,	0 2 0
Andrew Beanfton,	0 2 6	Margaret Miller,	0 2 0
William Forbes,	0 2 6	Jean Stores,	0 2 0
Joseph Dow,	0 2 6	Eighteen Subfcriptions,	0 14 0

Mr DUNCAN of Tippermallach's Eftate.

James Young, flesher, Methven,	L.5 0 0	John Wylie,	0 3 0
Richard Buift, Tippermallach,	5 0 0	David Mitchell,	0 2 6
Andrew Buift, do.	5 0 0	Andrew M'Donald,	0 2 6
John Gorrie,	0 5 0	David Murray, fmith, Methven,	0 2 6
Donald M'Intyre,	0 5 0	Wm. White, Methven,	1 1 0

BACHILTON ESTATE.

Wilm. Soutar, farmer, Bachilton,	L.1 0 0	John Watt, Bachilton,	0 2 6
Andrew Watt, do.	0 6 0	Margt. Miller, do.	0 2 6
John Andrew, do.	0 5 0	Thomas Marfhall, do.	0 2 6
John Andrew, do.	0 5 0	Three fubfcriptions, do.	0 3 0

In all L.142, 0s. 6d.—exclufive of the Heritors, who have fubfcribed in other parifhes.

Subfcriptions in the United Parifhes of Blair Athol, Strowan, Lude, and Kilmavainagg, in the County of Perth, continued.

	fh. d		
R. M'Donald, Chamberbane	1 0	Jo. M'Farlane, fen. do	2 6
Neil M'Gilleivie, Bablubodach	2 0	Jo. M'Farlane in Craig	2 6
Alex. Dow do	2 0	Alex. Robertfon, Bruchriach	2 6
Wm. Stewart do	2 6	Alex. Robertfon, Cluncs	0 6
Robert Dow do	2 6	Jo. Robertfon do	0 6
Alex. Dow, Ballintium	2 6	Jo. Robertfon do	0 6
Don. Dow, Tomantanda	2 6	Dun. M'Intofh, Cailvini	0 6
John Dow do	1 0	Jo. Stewart, Cluncs	1 6
Duncan Stewart do	1 0	Alex. Cameron, Bruchriach	0 6
Thomas Dow do	2 6	Alex. M'Intofh do	0 6
Don. M'Intyre, Barbowie,	2 0	Don. Robertfon, Crombruch	1 8
John Steuart jun. Trefaid	1 0	Alan M'Donald do	1 0
John Stewart, do	2 6	Don. Robertfon, Craig	1 0
Robt. Stewart, Greenock	1 6	Alex. Hay, Ballwaine	1 0
James M'Donald do	2 6	Jo. Stewart do	1 0
Don. Robertfon, Dalriach,	1 0	Don. Robertfon, Temnanfalein	1 0
Duncan Stewart do	1 0	Ja. M'Donald do	0 6
Alex. Robertfon do	1 6	Duncan M'Farlane, Pitagowan	0 6
Pat. Robertfon, Bohefbick,	1 0	Arch. M'Diarmed, Cultalofgin	5 0
James Robertfon do	1 0	Pat. Robertfon do	1 8
William Stewart do	1 0	Angus Cameron	1 0
Don. M'Donald do	1 0	Alex. Fergufon do	1 0
Don. Lamond do	1 0	Alex. Stewart and Dun. Culbert	1 0
Dun. M'Donald do	1 0	Don. Robertfon and Dun. Stewatt	2 0
Charles Gow do	1 0	Charles Stewart, Glenerochty	1 0
Don. Robertfon, Gafgan	2 0	Hugh Cuming do	1 0
Alex. Hardie, overfeer at Blair	1l. 1 0	Don. Stewart	5 0
Jo. Robertfon, farm fervant	1 6		
Dun. M'Donald, farm fervant at Blair	1 6		
Don. Cumming do	2 6		

J. Menzies fervant at Blair	2 0	Dun. Robertfon	5 0
Alex. M'Farlane do	2 0	Don. Gow and Charles Robertfon	5 0
Don. Robertfon do	2 0	Alex. Gow, Oleu	5 0
Robt. M'Kinlay do	2 0	Alex. Stewart	1 6
James Stewart do	2 0	Neil Stewart	1 8
Peter M'Glafhan do	2 0	Don. M'Glafhan & Don. Stewart	1 0
John Fergufon do	2 0	Ja. Stewart, Invervack	3 6
Alex. Robertfon do	1 6	Don. Stewart do	0 8
David Brown do	5 0	Jo. Robertfon do	1 0
Peter M'Intofh gardener,	5 0	Dav. Stewart do	3 0
Dan. Campbell do	2 0	Jo. Robertfon do	1 0
Alex. M'Intofh do	2 0	Jo. Robertfon do	5 0
Pet. M'Intofh do	2 0	Dun. Douglas, Middletown	2 6
Alex. M'Intofh do	1 0	Jo. Wallace, tailor do	1 0
Ja. Stewart do	1 0	Jas. M'Donald in Newtown	5 0
Don. Stewart do	2 0	Ja. M'Donald, jun. weaver do	1 0
Alex. Robertfon, weaver	1 6	James Douglas, tenant in Mains	2 6
Alex. Robertfon, flax dreffer	2 0	Hugh M'Laren do	1 0
Don. Stewart, weaver	1 6	Ro. Scott do	1 0
Don. Gow, flax dreffer	1 0	Jo. M'Gregor do	2 0
James M'Lachlane, fhoemaker	2 0	Finlay Robertfon, tenant in Croftflockin	2 6
Don. M'Phefon, flax dreffer	1 0	Alex. M'Donald do	2 6
Jo. M'Donald, chairman	2 0	Finlay Robertfon, labourer	1 0
Jo. Stewart, weaver	2 0	Alex. Douglas, tenant do	1 6
Jo. Chriftie, carpenter	5 0	Jo. Fergufon do in Ardranish	2 0
Alex. Culbert do	2 6	Jo. M'Ewen and Donald Stewart, fhepherds	4 6
Jo. Cameron do	2 6	Ja. Stewart, labourer	1 6
Ja. Sidey, blackfmith	1 0	Mr Pet. Stewart, fchoolmafter at Clonecraganach	5 0
Alex. Fergufon do	5 0	Robt. Stewart fervant	7 0
Jo. Stewart, mafon	1 0	Alex. and Don. M'Intofh, Lurg Caftle	1 0
Pet. Stewart do	2 6	Don. Gordon and Patrick Gordon do	3 0
Donald Robertfon, fhoemaker	5 0	Pat. Stewart in Tombui	3 0
Donald M'Intyre, gamekeeper	5 0	Alex. Stewart in Balnluig	2 6
Will. Gilbert, Hillman	2 0	John M'Lauchlan, Newtown	3 4
Dun. Fergufon do	2 0	Don. and Jas. M'Intofh, Woodpark	3 10
Alex. Moon do	5 0	Robt. Hay, Ballnluig	2 0
Cha. Gow do	2 0	Wm. Robertfon mafon	1 6
Ja. Fraser, merchant tailor	5 0	Pat. M'Intofh do	2 0
Don. Donaldfon, wright	5 0	Dun. John and Robert Kenzie do	1 8
Alex. Stewart, ground officer	5 0	Widow Reid and David Reid do	2 0
Ja. Robertfon, fchoolmafter	5 0	Alex. M'Donald, Piltflain	4 6
Alex. Shaw, waiter	5 0	Hugh Stewart do	2 6
Alex. Stewart, horfe feller, Blair	1 1 0	Don. M'intofh, Ballnluig	2 6
Dun. Moon, tailor	1 0	Wm. M'Intofh do	1 0
Alex. M'Intofh, farm fervant	2 0	Jo. Robertfon do	3 0
Will. Robertfon, fervant Strathgray	3 0	Dav. Stewart do	1 0
Don. Bay do	2 0	Jo. Robertfon do	5 0
Neil M'Glafhan do	2 0	Jo. Wallace, tailor do	1 0
Finlay M'Donald do	2 0	Jas. M'Donald in Newtown	1 0
Alex. Stewart do	2 0	James Douglas, tenant in Mains	1 0
Alex. M'Donald do	2 0	Hugh M'Laren do	2 6
Will. M'Intofh do	2 0	Ro. Scott do	1 0
Don. Fraser do	2 0	Jo. M'Gregor do	1 0
Don. Moon do	2 0	Geo. Anderfon do	4 0
Ja. Stewart do	2 0	Jo. Robertfon, Bridge of Tilt	2 6
Don. Stewart do	2 0	Jas. Stewart do	2 6
Don. Farquharfon, fhepherd	2 6	Jo. Reid, fmith do	2 6
Ja. M'Laren do	2 6	Jas. Reid do	2 6
Bar. Douglas, houfe-maid	2 6	Neil M'Glafhan, Killmavainag	2 6
Elfpeth Douglas, aftiftant dairymaid	2 6	Alex. Stewart do	2 0
Patrick Farquharfon, Tilt Lodge	1 0	Don. Stewart, Eaftercragan	4 0
John Robertfon, farmer, Kincraigie	7 6	Jo. Robertfon, fen. do Tomoragach	2 6
George Ritchie, do Monleck	2 6	Alex. Graham do	2 6
Pet. Stewart, do Temnabrague	2 6	Pet. M'Glafhan, Middletown	1 6
Ja. Gow, miller, Haugh of Blair	2 6	Robt. M'intofh, Bailnbowel	2 6
Alex. M'Donald, farmer, Tombawn	1 0	Alex. Gow, Kellander	2 6
Jo. Stewart do	1 0	Donald Stewart, Bridgend of Tilt	2 6
R. Ladlay, tenant, Strowahon	5 0	Rob. Stewart, do	3 0
Jo. Robertfon, fen. do Tomoragach	3 0	John Stewart, do	2 6
Jo. Robertfon, jun. do	3 0	Dun. Cameron, day-labourer, Clune	1 0
Finlay Cameron, Weſter Bailnain	2 0	D. Robertfon and Ja. Cameron, do	2 0
Jo. M'Farlane, Picagowan	1 0	John Macintyre	1 0
Jo. Moon, Clunes	2 0	D. Fraſer & Ferg. Menzies, weavers, Old Clune	2 0
Servants and Day Labourers at Lude.		John Menzies, weaver, & Finlay Scott, wright	2 0
Jas Stewart	2 0	Donald Moon, dyke-builder, & John Robertfon, weaver	2 0
Lauchlan M'Intofh	2 0	M. M'Donald, tailor	1 0
John Fleming	1 6	Don. Robertfon, Gafgen	2 0
James Robertfon	2 0	Donald Lemond, do	2 0
Donald M'Donald	1 6	J. Robertfon, Craignaſtrle	1 0
Edmond Fergufon	5 0	Alex. Robertfon, Dalnow	2 6

BRITISH PARLIAMENT.

HOUSE OF COMMONS,

JUNE 20.

MILITIA.

Mr DUNDAS laid before the Houſe copies of letters from the Commanders of the following regiments of militia, offering their ſervices in Ireland:—From Lord C. Spencer of the Oxford; Major Edwards of the Caernarvon; the Hon. Arthur Paget of the Angleſea; the Marquis of Buckingham of the Old Bucks or King's own regiment of militia; Colonel Bradyl of the Denbighſhire; the Duke of Rutland of the Leiceſterſhire; Major Hawkins of the Warwickſhire; and Col. Ravenſcroft of the Caermarthen.

The order of the day was then read for the ſecond reading of the bill for enabling his Majeſty to ſend, for a time to be limited, a certain number of the militia regiments to Ireland.

Coloſnel SLOANE ſpoke in favour of the bill.

General TARLETON entered into many calculations, from which he deduced, that the ſtanding effective force was not more than 37,000 men, who had borne arms above a twelvemonth; from which ſeveral drains had been made, 1500 in the expedition to Oſtend, which he cenſured as a chimerical project, and ſeveral drafts to Ireland. Under theſe circumſtances he thought no more men ſhould be ſuffered to leave this country.

Mr Secretary DUNDAS ſaid, the Hon. Gentleman had been bred a ſoldier, and he dared ſay was a ſoldier.—But he had heard the opinion of many military gentlemen, of at leaſt equal celebrity with the Hon Gentleman, who held very different opinions. With reſpect to the expedition to Oſtend, it was one of which he was not aſhamed; it was one, on the contrary, for which he might take credit. The ſucceſs of this expedition prevented the enemy from bringing their veſſels round to the point of rendezvous without being expoſed to the activity and vigilance of our navy. That expedition had been ſtrongly urged by Sir Charles Grey; and the authority of that great and reſpectable officer, was ſufficient to keep him in countenance for any ſhare he might have had in adviſing that meaſure. He conceived the Honourable Gentleman had done wrong to lay out of his conſideration the whole of the volunteer aſſociations. The Hon. General had himſelf ſerved in a country where the army was at firſt formed of no other men, and above 40,000 of them had been in arms above three years.

Mr JEKYLL defended the ſtatements of the Hon. General as correct, and diſplaying great military knowledge. With reſpect to the expedition to Oſtend, look at the fruits of it. He had ſeen a letter from Bruges, which ſtated that the exploſition had not injured one of the ſluices, and that there was ſufficient water in the Canal of Oſtend to navigate veſſels. Now, on the other hand, what was the reſult? The loſs of 1500 brave men languiſhing in French priſons.—With reſpect to the preſent meaſure, he ſhould feel it his duty to oppoſe it in every ſtage. Though much ſurpriſe had been expreſſed by ſome of his friends, he confeſſed that he felt none, for he had ſeen within five years many unconſtitutional proceedings. He had ſeen the Habeas Corpus ſuſpended almoſt by acclamation. He had ſeen a blow given to the ſecurity of property, by the claim made upon it of a tenth; and, within a week, he had ſeen an attempt to ſtifle the liberty of the preſs. The bill abounded with epithets, which, if he ſanctioned the bill, he was alſo obliged to ſanction. It ſtated, that there was a wicked and unnatural rebellion in Ireland; and this was the firſt way that he knew it as a Member of Parliament; it was the only way that it was communicated to the Houſe. How did he know that it was not a reſiſtance which the people of Ireland had a right to maintain.—[Here was a call of order.]—The Hon. Member ſaid, he would not be deterred from ſpeaking his ſentiments, he would not give way to a falſe delicacy, and again repeated his propoſition.

Mr Secretary DUNDAS moved to enforce the ſtanding order, and all ſtrangers were immediately excluded.

After a debate of ſome time, the Houſe divided.

For the ſecond reading 43—Againſt it 11.

We underſtood that the bill was afterwards committed, read a third time, and paſſed.

JUNE 21.

The amendments of the Lords in the tanners bill were, on motion, ordered to be taken into conſideration this day three months.

The convoy protection was read a third time, and ordered to the Lords.

Mr JEKYLL, alluding to what he ſaid yeſterday relative to the failure of the expedition to Oſtend, ſtated, that he had this morning been favoured with a viſit from Captain Popham, whom no man would mention without reſpect, who, though the ſervice he was engaged in did not permit his being on ſhore, had offered ſuch evidence to him that, in point of fact, the works of the ſluices were deſtroyed, and the navigation ſtopped, except where it was affected by the flux of the ſea; that the maſonry was blown up to ſuch an extent that it could not be placed in a ſtate of repair for twelve months. He felt it his duty to ſtate this, that nothing might go abroad that could affect the minds of the gallant officers and men who were engaged in that ſervice, and particularly General Coote, who was now languiſhing under a ſevere wound. At the time he made the ſtatement, he declared he believed it to be correct. He was now, however, convinced that the works were demoliſhed.

Mr DUNDAS ſaid, it was impoſſible, after the candid and liberal manner in which the Hon. and learned Gentleman had explained himſelf, that he had the moſt diſtant intention to miſrepreſent the fact.

The Houſe reſolved itſelf into a Committee to hear Counſel in ſupport of the diſtillers petition againſt the bill now in Parliament for continuing the additional duties on ſtills in Scotland.

Mr ADAMS was heard at great length on the ſubject, after which the other orders of the day were diſpoſed of, and the Houſe adjourned.

London.

JUNE 22.

An idle report has been circulated, that Mr Pitt is to go to the Upper Houſe, with the title of Earl of Cambridge.

The title of Cambridge has been enjoyed by ſeveral branches of the Blood Royal. Prince Henry, youngeſt ſon of Charles I. was created Earl of Cambridge and Duke of Glouceſter. Three infant ſons of the Duke of York, afterwards James II. were ſucceſſively created Dukes of Cambridge, but died in their infancy.

George I. when Electoral Prince of Hanover, in the reign of Queen Anne, was created Marquis and Duke of Cambridge. His ſon, afterwards George II. on his father's acceſſion to the Crown, was created Marquis and Duke by the ſame title, and Prince of Wales.—From which it ſeems, that this illuſtrious title is now merged in the Crown, and therefore, it is preſumed, it cannot be revived but in one of the Blood Royal.

The Marquis of Buckingham left town on Tueſday for Ireland, and yeſterday morning his regiment was to leave Chelmsford barracks. The men are to go all the way by water, on the canals, and are to embark at Liverpool.

The Marquis of Hertford left town yeſterday morning, to join his regiment of the Warwickſhire militia, having offered their ſervices to march for Ireland.

The idea of ſending the militia regiments out of the country originated in a ſingular circumſtance, which we have great pleaſure in communicating to the public.—A private in the Marquis of Hertford's regiment of militia, who was beloved by all his corps, was lately adviſed that his father had been barbarouſly murdered by the rebels in Ireland for his known attachment to the Government. Two or three days after he was made acquainted with the circumſtance, the parade being over, the Major of the regiment found himſelf ſurrounded by his men. Deſiring an explanation of their wiſhes, they told him, that it was the requeſt of the regiment that he would write to the Marquis of Hertford praying him to offer their ſervices to his Majeſty, to go and fight the rebels in Ireland, and revenge the blood of their murdered fellow-ſubjects. The offer was made by the Marquis, and accepted with the thanks due to ſo loyal a conduct. The fact being known among other regiments of militia, they have imitated this generous example, and there have been actually more offers made than the ſervice requires, or can be ſpared out of the country.

We underſtand, from very good authority, that it is Marquis Cornwallis's intention, on his arrival in Ireland, to change the whole ſyſtem of military affairs in that country, which is found to be not ſo efficient as it may be made to be. Inſtead of having ſmall detachments, which are ſpread over the country, and in many places ſcarce ſufficient for ſelf-defence, much leſs to make an attack, it is his Lordſhip's intention to eſtabliſh three or four grand armies, to each of which will be attached moving columns, which will be ſent from place to place as the ſervice may require; and in caſe of neceſſity, where the rebels are very ſtrong, it will be aſſiſted by the whole army in that particular diviſion. This will prevent ſmall detachments from being cut off; and will, at the ſame time, over-awe the rebels. The reinforcements already arrived, or on their way to Ireland, will enable Lord Cornwallis to carry his arrangement into the fulleſt effect. The Noble Marquis will not be ſtationary in Dublin, but will go wherever the danger appears moſt urgent.

We do not believe that any opinion is yet taken in reſpect to what may be the future ſyſtem in governing Ireland. Marquis Cornwallis's firſt object is to quell the rebellion; and that being done, which we truſt will be ſoon, it will remain for future conſideration, whether there ſhall not be a change of meaſures.

It is now generally believed, that Earl St Vincent himſelf has gone into the Mediterranean after the Toulon ſquadron, with fourteen ſhips of the line. Admiral Parker is left in the comand of the blockade of Cadiz, with 18 ſhips of the line, having under him Sir Horatio Nelſon and Sir James Orde. Lord St Vincent is ſuppoſed to have taken with him Sir Roger Curtis and Rear-Admiral Frederick.—Should this arrangement really have taken place, we may expect the moſt ſatisfactory account of Buonaparte and his expedition to Egypt.

At the concluſion of the review of the 2d regiment of the life-guards, ſome days ſince, two privates went through the ſword exerciſe, before the King, after which Lord Cathcart enquired if his Majeſty would be pleaſed to ſee two of the youngeſt officers diſplay their ſcience in the uſe of the ſword; he aſſented, and was much gratified by their execution. His Majeſty then turned to the General, and enquired who were the *oldeſt* officers preſent, and on being anſwered that Lord C—— and Major Barton were, he deſired to ſee them perform, laughing heartily, and telling his Lordſhip that he had brought the exhibition on himſelf.—they accordingly turned out, to the great amuſement of thoſe preſent; and though the Major's ſyſtem favoured a little of the old ſchool, they acquitted themſelves very reſpectably.

Meſſrs Curran, Ponſonby, M'Nally, Plunket, and Buſh, have been aſſigned as counſel for all the priſoners charged with high treaſon in Ireland. The trials are to come on the 25th inſt.

A woman dreſſed in deep mourning, waited yeſterday afternoon at the garden gate, St James's, in anxious expectation, when their Majeſties ſtepped into their carriage, of preſenting a petition, but being prevented by the officers on guard from approaching near enough, ſhe retired to ſome diſtance from the place, and, as the coach paſſed, had the reſolution to throw it in at the window; it falling into the Princeſs Elizabeth's lap, her Royal Highneſs gave it to the Queen.—The poor woman appeared quite overjoyed, to think ſhe had been ſo ſucceſsful. From the narrative ſhe told, it appeared, that ſhe had loſt her huſband, who had been a warrant officer on board the Queen, in the Weſt Indies; one of her ſons, a Lieutenant, was murdered by the crew of the Hermoine; and another had fell in action on board the Leviathan; that ſhe was left intirely deſtitute, and had no other means of gaining relief than imploring the goodneſs of their Majeſties to alleviate her ſufferings by deigning to notice the prayer of her petition.

By late advices from India it appears, that the young Nabob of Oude has been depoſed by the authority of our Government, and his uncle placed on the Muſnud. Sir John Shore being diſſatisfied with the conduct of the Nabob, ſummoned him and his principal officers to a council. The Nabob declined attending, and his miniſters declaring in favour of his uncle, he was ſent for and inveſted with regal authority. The young Nabob is under confinement. This change is ſaid to have been attended with conſiderable ceſſions and advantages to the Eaſt India Company.

Conſiderable doubts are entertained of the truth of the above. We muſt, however, ſoon know the fact, as diſpatches have been received from India.

By thhe Holland, Capt. E. S. Johnſon, arrived in the Downs from New York, we have received the American newſpapers up to the 8th ult. inclusive. Mr A. Hamilton came home paſſenger in the Holland.

The young men of America are forming themſelves into aſſociations for the defence of America againſt the deſigns of the French Republic.

The Hamburgh mail due on Wedneſday arrived on Thurſday. The negociations at Raſtadt are ſtill at a ſtand, but ſome have been commenced at Selz, which are expected to be conducted with greater activity.—The Toulon fleet is reported in the Italian letters to have ſailed for the iſland of Malta—a report that ſeems to be in ſome degree probable, from the circumſtance of the French having ſeized upon the effects and property belonging to the Knights of that Order. The Pope has been removed to Cagliari, in Sardinia, by orders of the French.

In the ſitting of the Helvetic Legiſlative Body at Arau, the Directory communicated to them, that the Houſe of Vanneck, of London, had received permiſſion from the Engliſh Government to pay the bills of exchange which the ancient government had drawn, and which had been at firſt proteſted. It was therefore, reſolved, that the conduct of the Swiſs ſhould be reciprocal, and that Engliſh drafts ſhould be paid.

NEW DUTIES ON VELLUM, PARCHMENT, &c.—

As numbers of the firſt reſpectability are much intereſted in the tendency of the following reſolutions, we think it proper to give them as they have paſſed in the Houſe of Commons:

"Reſolved, that the duties now charged on vellum, "parchment, and paper, in reſpect of any matter or "or thing ingroſſed, printed, or written thereon, ſhall "be charged on every other material of what nature or "kind ſoever, on which any of the ſaid matters or "things ſhall be ingroſſed, printed or written.

"Reſolved, that every policy of inſurance for inſu-"ring houſes, furniture, goods, wares, merchandize, or "other property, from loſs by fire, ſhould be exempted "from the duty impoſed by an act of the laſt ſeſſion "of Parliament for granting an additional ſtamp-duty "on deeds.

NAUTICAL INTELLIGENCE.

This morning Lieutenant Byron of La Virginie frigate, commanded by Captain Hunt, arrived at the Admiralty, with diſpatches from Admiral Sir Hugh Chriſtian at the Cape of Good Hope, where he left the Admiral in perfect health.

The Right Hon. the Earl of Mornington had ſailed from the Cape the 25th of March, for India.

Captain Halſted of the Phœnix frigate, alſo arrived with diſpatches from Rear-Admiral Rainier, commander of his Majeſty's fleet in the Eaſt Indies.

Captain George Campbell, brother to the Right Hon. Lord Cawdor, is appointed to the Dragon man of war, of 74 guns, lately launched at Deptford.

Thurſday, arrived at Portſmouth the Diamond frigate, Captain Sir Richard Strachan, from a cruize on the coaſt of France.

The following notice was yeſterday morning ſtuck up in Lloyds Coffeehouſe:—"The New Succeſs, Chryſtopher, from Waterford to Liverpool, is reported to be taken by a veſſel fitted out at Wexford, and carried into that port."

MR TIERNEY.

A meeting of the Electors of Southwark was held yeſterday, at the Grove, Camberwell, to celebrate the anniverſary of Mr Tierney's election.

After dinner moſt of the Whig Club toaſts were drunk. On Mr Tierney's health being given, he addreſſed the company in an appropriate ſpeech, in which, vindicating his political conduct in Parliament, he ſaid: "*Much odium* had been attempted to be thrown upon him and his friends, in conſequence of the conduct they had held reſpecting the affairs of Ireland. It had been ſaid that they gave countenance to the rebellion. He declared that he never would give countenance to any tranſactions that he was convinced deſerved that name.—He was the decided enemy to rebellion, and ſtill more ſo if it was made in concert with France; for he thought the conduct of the preſent rulers of France was ſuch as to deſerve the execration of all mankind. The diſturbances in Ireland had been aſcribed to the machinations of wicked men, who propagated French or Jacobin principles, but he was convinced theſe principles would never have made any progreſs under a good Government.—The miſeries which Ireland experienced, ought to be a warning to thoſe who ſow the ſeeds of the ſame evils in this country. The meaſures taken here were calculated to produce the very ſame effect which had reſulted from ſimilar meaſures in Ireland.—He ſhould think meanly of the ſpirit of Engliſhmen, if they did not follow the example that was ſet them by the loyal Iriſh.—Men who were loyal in every ſenſe of the word.—Loyal to that limited Monarchy which the Conſtitution acknowledged, and loyal to the beſt intereſts of their country and mankind."

Thus far Mr Tierney, according to the report of his ſpeech, given in a morning paper avowedly in his intereſt.—What is to be underſtood by his definition of Iriſh *loyalty*, we leave our readers to gueſs.

Lord William Ruſſel, Sir Francis Burdett, and General Tarleton, being preſent, their healths were drank; as were thoſe of the Duke of Bedford, Mr Fox, and ſeveral other gentlemen abſent.

PROTEST AGAINST THE LAND TAX BILL.

The following proteſt has been entered upon the Journals of the Houſe of Lords, againſt the bill paſſed on Tueſday the 12th inſt. intituled, "An Act for ma-"king perpetual, ſubject to redemption and purchaſe in "the manner therein ſtated, the ſeveral ſums of money "now charged in Great Britain as a land-tax for one "year, from the 25th day of March 1798."

DISSENTIENT,

1ſt, Becauſe, unwilling to depart from the eſtabliſhed principle of the Land Tax being voted annually; a principle, we conceive, founded on the moſt ſolid baſis of political wiſdom.

2dly, Becauſe the introduction of ſo ſerious an innovation, as rendering the Land Tax perpetual, appears to us neither beneficial to the Public, nor juſt to individuals. That tax being from its very nature unequal, and liable to fluctuation, from a variety of cauſes, cannot furniſh any reaſonable ground on which to eſtabliſh one permanent uniform plan of financial operation.

3dly, Becauſe the propoſed plan of ſale or redemption, with a view to the general proſperity of the country, appears totally fallacious, as the mode in which its operation is to take effect cannot but be precarious; and, ſhould the event propoſed anſwer the warmeſt expectations of the moſt zealous advocates for the meaſure, its ſucceſs can alone be derived from ſacrificing the great and conſtitutional intereſts of the country, namely the landed, to the more precarious and fluctuating intereſt of the monied property of the kingdom.

4thly, Becauſe, admitting, under the preſent circumſtances, the neceſſity of great and extraordinary exertions, in order to protect our Liberties, Conſtitution, and Country, againſt thoſe unprecedented dangers with which we are menaced, we ſtill think the country equal to reſiſt ſucceſsfully every probable degree of difficulty and danger, provided its reſources are applied with wiſdom as well as energy. The Land undoubtedly muſt, in common with every other ſpecies of property, bear its part of the public burdens; and, be the weight of thoſe burdens more or leſs, according to the preſſure of particular times and circumſtances, we never can approve the endangering the conſtitutional importance of that intereſt which has hitherto been regarded as ſo materially connected with the legal independence and national freedom of our country.

It is upon theſe grounds we object to this bill paſſing into a law; and, actuated by no other motives than the conſcientious diſcharge of our duty, and the moſt earneſt wiſhes for the proſperity of the State, we have thought it neceſſary to record our diſſent, in order that whatever inconvenience, vexation, or more ſerious calamity may ariſe from ſuch a meaſure being adopted, we may not appear reſponſible for its conſequences, either to the preſent age or to poſterity.

LEEDS.
LEINSTER.
CARNARVON.
SUFFOLK AND BERKSHIRE.

GENEVA, May 31.

The French reſident here, Citizen Deſportes, accompanied by two juſtices of the peace, and two civil officers, broke open the hall in which the famous club called the *Cercle de la Grille* aſſembled. In it they found, among other things, the precious trinkets of thoſe monſters of terroriſm—five death's-heads, two of which were fixed on the pikes of their ſtandards, and the two ſkulls of La Rochamont and De Baudy, which were uſed for drinking-cups in the orgies of theſe cannibals. It is ſuſpected that the heads are thoſe of citizens ſhot at the time of our cruel revolutionary tribunal. Deſportes, it is ſaid, will proſecute the chiefs of this atrocious crew. The heads and ſkulls were buried with proper ceremonies, and the banners and other attributes of this infamous ſociety hung on the gallows by the common hangman.

MUNICH, June 5.

The Nuncio of the Holy See reſident here, has received, we learn, the following intelligence:

The French General St Cyr, who commands at Rome, wrote ſome time ſince to the Grand Duke of Tuſcany, that as the troubles which had broken out in Italy, and principally at Perugia, had been occaſioned by the Pope, he prayed his Highneſs to take ſuch meaſures as ſhould prevent his Holineſs from making any longer ſtay within his territories. The Grand Duke having declined, it is ſaid, to take any ſteps in conſequence of this demand, the General ſent him a ſecond letter, the contents of which reſembled a declaration of war. Soon after, a detachment of French troops entered Siena, ſeized the perſon of the Sovereign Pontiff, as well as ſeveral Cardinals, and conveyed them to Leghorn, where a flotilla was ready to receive them, which immediately ſet ſail for Cagliari, in Sardinia.

PORT-ROYAL, (Jamaica) Feb. 10.

The Petterel ſloop of war from Admiral Earl St Vincent, came here laſt week with diſpatches to acquaint us that a diviſion of the Spaniſh fleet with ſeveral tranſports and troops to attack ſome of our iſlands. Admiral Harvey with his fleet immediately put to ſea in queſt of them, but after a fortnight's cruize returned without ſeeing them; we have ſince learned that they have put into Porto Rico.

PHILADELPHIA, April 30.

Three anonymous letters have lately been directed to the Preſident of the United States, (the laſt received this morning) threatening to ſet fire to the city on the 9th of May next.

NEW-YORK, May 1.

General Hedouville, whoſe departure from Breſt was announced a few days ſince, has arrived ſafe at St Domingo, with the whole of his ſquadron. He is ſaid to be the only perſon ſent with this ſquadron who is charged with powers, the entire ſcope of which was not however underſtood at the date of our laſt accounts. But this is known, that his arrival has had a favourable effect upon the public mind, by reſtoring confidence.—There are ſeveral letters, it is ſaid, of American captains, which expreſs an expectation, that the commerce of neutrals will be reſpected and protected by Hedouville.

—STOCKS—

BANK STOCK		INDIA STOCK	
3 *per cent. con.*	49⅞ ⅜	*Long Ann.*	13⅝ 11-16
4 *per cent.*	61¼ ½ ⅜	*Short*	
5 *per cent. Ann.*		*Omnium*	1¼

This day (June 22.) at twelve o'clock,
3 *per cent. con.* 49¾ ⅜

Caledonian Mercury.

EDINBURGH—JUNE 25.

REVOLUTION IN HOLLAND.

SUN OFFICE—FRIDAY ONE O'CLOCK, P. M.

We ſtop the preſs to announce, that a Dutch paper of the 19th inſt. brought by a perſon who arrived this morning from Holland, ſtates that a complete revolution had taken place at the Hague the day before, that is, on the 18th inſt.

General Dandaels, who was diſmiſſed from his command at the former revolution, having the army with him, had arreſted the Directory, and put other perſons in their room. The French Ambaſſador, who had attempted to interfere, was alſo put under arreſt.

The ſame account adds, that many of the new perſons appointed are in the intereſt of the Stadtholder.

The above paper alſo mentions a proclamation to have been iſſued by Lieutenant General Dandaels, which ſtates that in the laſt elections the friends of the Stadtholder, who are amongſt the moſt reſpectable perſons of the State, were excluded, and on this account annuls the elections.

The Proviſional Directory were Pymen, Gojet, &c. La Croix, the French Miniſter, was under arreſt, and ſome of the former Government had fled to Paris.

IRELAND.

OFFICIAL ACCOUNTS.

DUBLIN CASTLE, JUNE 19.

Accounts were this day received from Brigadier-General BARNETT, ſtating that on the 17th inſtant, a conſiderable body of the rebels had attacked Kilbeggan, but were repulſed by a detachment of 50 of the Northumberland fencibles, under the command of Captain THATCHER. One hundred and twenty of the rebels were killed, and a great many wounded. The detachment behaved with the greateſt gallantry.

Brigadier-General GROSE reports from Kilcock, that Colonel IRWINE, with a detachment under his command, had this day engaged a body of above two thousand rebels, at Oviolstown Hill, about one mile from Hortland. The loss of the rebels was upwards of two hundred slain.

The number of killed and wounded of his Majesty's troops does not amount to more than twenty-three.—Ensign INTER of the Highlanders was killed. Colonel IRWINE, and Sir RICHARD STEELE, were wounded; but it is hoped not dangerously. Colonel IRWINE reports to General GROSE, that he is highly indebted to all the officers and men who served under him, and that he was much benefited by the assistance he received from Colonel BURROWES, who volunteered on the occasion.

DUBLIN, June 20.

We hear that on Monday evening, two of the mail coaches were intercepted on their way to this city at Cloncurry, by a party of the rebel cavalry, the passengers and guard robbed of their fire arms, and two horses taken from each carriage, after which they were suffered to proceed without further molestation. At Cloncurry, several horses, to the amount of 26, were also captured, and brought off to a rebel camp in that neighbourhood; whither they were also conducting two gentlemen who had been passengers, but one of them making loud and rueful lamentation, they were liberated, and are since arrived in Dublin. Some post-chaises were stopped, and the passengers treated nearly in the same manner. There were several small parties of the insurgents, seemingly employed on the same predatory business.—The persons who stopped the coaches were well mounted and appointed, with helmets, &c. Parties or patroles of these insurgents were descried on the hills near the road, all the way from Cloncurry to Kilcock.—*Hib. Jour.*

JUNE 21.

Yesterday evening, at five o'clock, the Most Noble the Marquis CORNWALLIS and suite arrived from England in the Loftus packet, under convey of the Europa man of war. His Lordship landed at the new hotel, near the Pigeon-house. The carriages of Earl CAMDEN having waited at the water-side for the Noble Marquis, conveyed him to town, escorted by a squadron of horse—arrived at the Castle about half past six—and, immediately after, his Lordship was sworn into the important situation of Chief Governor and Commander in Chief of this kingdom, before Earl CAMDEN and the Lords of the Privy Council.

Marquis CORNWALLIS was accompanied by General Ross, Captain PARISH, and another military Gentleman. His Lordship was dressed in full regimentals, and, notwithstanding the many campaigns and arduous services in which he has been engaged in the western and eastern parts of the globe, exhibits a very healthful florid appearance.

The departure of Earl CAMDEN will take place tomorrow.

We are concerned to state, that insurgency has broken out to a considerable extent in the county Cork, within 12 miles of that city, near Bandon; a very severe action has taken place, in which the insurgents sustained very great loss.

Accounts are said to have arrived in town this morning, stating, that the insurgents camp in the neighbourhood of Ross had been attacked by Gen. JOHNSTON'S army on Tuesday last, where the rebels sustained a very considerable loss, leaving behind their camp equipage, ammunition, &c.

By letters received yesterday from Rathdrum and Arklow, we learn that the great movement of the forces against the Wexford rebels has begun to take place.

On Monday evening last, according to these accounts, Generals DUNDAS and LOFTUS from Tullow and Hackerstown, advanced towards Carnew. A large body of several thousand rebels were posted on the hill of Ballykilcavan, which lies near Carnew; a cannonade commenced on the part of the King's troops, and was answered by some pieces of cannon possessed by the rebels; the rebels, after some time began to fall back, but night intervening, our army could not make use of that advantage. At the dawn of Tuesday morning the attack was renewed, and in a short time the rebels retreated in confusion into the county of Wexford.

We have had no account of the loss on the part of our troops, but the letters state the loss of the rebels to have been very considerable.

Of this action at Ballykilcaven no account has been received by Government late yesterday evening. Our Rathdrum letter gives it on the authority of a yeoman who had arrived there, and related it as a fact at which he had been present. Our Arklow correspondent recites it as believed throughout the country.

Ballykilcaven is about 40 miles from Dublin, 12 from Rathdrum, and 25 from Arklow.

On Tuesday morning General NEEDHAM moved forward from Arklow to Gorey, without any opposition from the rebels, who fled from his approach. A few straggling parties of their army were met and put to the sword. The General took possession of Gorey.

The rebels who engaged Gen. DUNDAS at Ballykilcavan, are supposed to have been the party who were encamped at Little Limerick, near Gorey, and had been led from thence to Ballykilcavan, in order to force their way out of the county of Wexford.

In an action in the town of Prosperous on Tuesday last, the party of rebels who had seized that town were utterly routed. The town is however destroyed.

The bridges on the Barrow have been broken down to prevent the escape af the rebels to the westward.

Mr B. HARVEY, sometime chieftain of the Wexford rebels, has been, it is said, deposed from his command, and a Roman Catholic Priest named ROCHE appointed in his stead.

One of the first exploits of General ROCHE was confining 120 Protestants of the neighbourhood of Old Ross in the barn of Mr KING of Skolloghboge, and then setting the barn on fire and burning these unhappy persons (men, women and children) to death!

A discovery has been made at Cork of an extensive plot entered into for an insurrection and massacre in that city—the discovery has happily been made in time, and the project is completely defeated.

In the county of Clare, emissaries from Dublin who had laboured to produce disturbance there, have been given up to justice by the country people.

Twenty-nine journeymen tailors were on Tuesday night apprehended in an alehouse in Fishamble Street.

It is said that the Commission for trying the prisoners charged with high treason, will not proceed to business on Monday next, but be farther adjourned.

A number of prisoners were brought on Tuesday from the town of Prosperous, in the county of Kildare, charged with rebellious practices; and on the same evening a number of persons were taken out of houses in Fishamble-street, and committed to the guard-house, on account of being from their places of abode at prohibited hours—Some suspected persons were also taken up in the environs of the city, and other parts contiguous.

Bacon, which a fortnight ago, and for some time previous, sold from 34s. to 40s. per cwt. sells now from 48s. to 56s. per cwt.

Extract from a Private Letter.

The Marquis CORNWALLIS is arrived, and expected to do wonders in settling our business. No one however can carry away a more amiable character than Lord CAMDEN, who has done every thing a sensible solid man could with the strictest discipline but no cruelty. He is recalled at his own desire.

There are from 30 to 40,000 rebels in Wexford county—The Royal army now amounts to 16,000 men, and a decisive battle is hourly expected.

On the 18th and 19th inst. there had arrived at Waterford Admiral THOMPSON with the Guards; twenty-two transports with other troops—300 Hessian riflemen from Clonmel—the Nottingham fencibles from Guernsey—the Glengary Highlanders from Do.—and the 2d brigade light troops from Bandon, all of which had marched to New Ross under Gen. HUNTER.

5 o'clock evening—A report spreads that 2000 rebels at Wexford had thrown down their arms and run away.

BELFAST, June 22.

Wednesday last, the Rev. WM. BRISTOW, Sovereign of this town, returned from Scotland, where he had been to fix his family.

On Saturday se'ennight the dwelling of a farmer a yeoman, within a mile of Saintfield, in the county of Down, was surrounded by a multitude of the insurgents; the house was bravely defended by the head of the family, who was a yeoman, 'till they set fire to the house, and burned to death every person in it, consisting of twelve. Their skeletons reduced almost to ashes, were a few days ago dug out and buried by the army.—This savage act of cruelty, was perpetrated on the morning of the day when the troops marched to chastise the rebels in that neighbourhood.

It is presumed that the persons thus cruelly murdered, were of both sexes, and partly children.

REV. THOMAS LEDLIE BIRCH.

The trial of this gentleman occupied the attention of a General Court-Martial, at Lisburn, on Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday last.

Mr BIRCH was charged with rebellion and treason, in being present at and encouraging the rebels at Creevy-Rocks, on Sunday evening the 10th instant; at Saintfield and Ballynahinch on Monday the 11th; and at Mr PRICE'S Castle on the Terrace at the Hill on Tuesday the 13th.

The evidence being closed, Mr Birch addressed the Court in a short speech, nearly to the following effect:

Feeling deeply impressed with gratitude to the Court for the justice, honour, and candor with which they had treated him, he returned them his most hearty thanks. The difficulties he lay under in procuring exculpatory evidence in his present situation, rendered his defence less complete than it otherwise would have been; but the evidence already adduced took away the credibility of what was sworn against him. He with pleasure threw his honour, his life, and all that could be dear to him, on this Court. He loved his King; he loved his country; he would ever pray for their prosperity.—He was thoroughly convinced he could neither be happy nor useful in his native land. Should he be permitted, he would willingly go where General GOLDIE or other authority, should be pleased to send him—to America, or any other country not at war with his Majesty.

The sentence of the Court Martial on Mr BIRCH has not reached us in an authentic manner.

CORK, June 18.

Last Saturday, FLORENCE M'CARTHY, NICHOLAS BURKE, —— DOYLE, and —— FITZGERALD, all from Curriglass, were tried by a General Court Martial, and convicted of tendering unlawful oaths, and other treasonable practices.——M'CARTHY, BURKE, and DOYLE were sentenced to be hanged this day at Tallow; FITZGERALD to receive 1000 lashes. They were taken off this morning, escorted by a party of the Glentworth Fencibles, to the place of execution.

This day, THOMAS PROSSOR, a callico printer, sentenced by a General Court Martial to be transported for life, was sent on board the Convict ship at Cove, bound to Botany Bay. He was convicted of administering an oath to join the French.

[FROM OUR LONDON CORRESPONDENT.]

HOUSE OF COMMONS, June 22.

SCOTS DISTILLERY.

The report of the Committee on the Scotch Distillery bill was received and agreed to. The bill was ordered to be read a third time to-morrow.

ROCK SALT.

Mr ROSE brought up a bill to allow rock salt to be refined at one place in Scotland.

Mr WIGLEY said, he intended to oppose the bill, but he should allow it to be read a first time.

On the question for reading the bill a second time Col. CHUMLEY moved that the bill be read a second time this day 3 months.

Mr WIGLEY seconded the motion, but if six or seven days could be allowed in order to give time to persons interested in opposing the bill to attend, he had no objection that the present motion should be waved.

Col. FULLARTON spoke for the second reading of the bill as soon as possible.

Mr ROSE said a few words on the same side.

Col. CHUMLEY explained,

The House divided on the motion for reading the bill this day 3 months.

Ayes 35, noes 24—Majority 11.*

After the division was over, and just as the strangers were re-admitted into the gallery—

Mr BAKER rose and moved the standing order for their exclusion.

* (Our Correspondent says that owing to the circumstance which took place immediately on this division which caused some bustle, he cannot be positive as to the state of the above vote, but thinks he is correct.)

The SPEAKER desired the strangers to withdraw.

Mr SHERIDAN said, if this standing order was to be enforced at all, he should insist upon its being enforced to its fullest extent. He read the standing order, and observed, that it required the Serjeant at Arms to take all strangers into custody who might be found in and about the House. The ordering them to withdraw was not executing the orders, and he insisted that the Serjeant at Arms would not do his duty if he did not take all the strangers who were in the gallery, or other parts of the House, into custody. According to the standing order they could not be set at liberty until a motion was made for that purpose; the best way, therefore, would be to keep them in custody until the debate was over, when there would be an opportunity for making that motion.

The SPEAKER observed, that whenever the violation of the standing order respecting strangers was noticed by a member, it had been the usual practice to order them to withdraw; and if they refused, they were taken into custody. The House certainly might enforce the order to its fullest extent if they thought proper so to do; and as the strangers were now ordered to withdraw, it was for the House to consider whether the Serjeant at Arms did his duty in permitting them to go away without being taken into custody.

Mr SHERIDAN said, undoubtedly the Speaker had stated the question correctly as to the practice, but he contended he had a right to insist that the order should not be enforced partly, but that it should be carried into complete execution.

The SPEAKER replied, that the conduct he had adopted upon the moving of the standing order, was that which had always been followed by his predecessors.—The House would, therefore, he believed, consider that he had sufficiently done his duty in desiring strangers to withdraw. It was for the House to determine, whether the order should be strictly and literally enforced, or only partially executed, as had always been the practice. But perhaps the Hon. Gentleman might wave his motion. In that case no farther observations on the subject would be necessary.

Mr BAKER signified he had no intention to wave the motion—on the contrary he would move that the strangers who did not immediately withdraw should be taken into custody.

The SPEAKER—"Strangers must withdraw."

The strangers withdrew very reluctantly. Many seemed inclined to wait until they were taken into custody, but at last went out when they saw that the majority were gone.

Mr Fox just entered the House as the strangers were retiring.

The intelligence received from London to-day, is rendered particularly interesting, as it announces a counter-revolution having taken place at the Hague, on the 18th inst.—General DANDAELS, who was dismissed from the command of the army at the last revolution, is said to have effected this.—The DIRECTORY have been arrested, as also the French Minister LA CROIX.—Many friends of the Stadtholder have been replaced.

This intelligence was brought to London in a Dutch paper of the 19th. A short time will show how far it is founded in fact.

Since the period at which the French entered Holland a strong body of troops has been kept there—but some months ago, when they made such a shew of an immediate invasion of this country, a great number of these troops were marched into France, and encamped on the coast. The absence of these troops may have rendered the exertions of the opposite party in Holland less difficult, and more sure of success. The numerous requisitions imposed by the French on the people of Holland excited a strong spirit of resistance, which has hitherto been kept in check by the number of troops spread over the country; but these, it now appears, have joined General DANDAELS against the Directory.

The intelligence from Ireland continues to be interesting. Various reports have been circulated respecting the rebels collected at Wexford. Yesterday it was currently reported here that an express had arrived from Glasgow with intelligence of an engagement between the King's troops and the rebels, in which the latter were routed, leaving on the field 10,000 stand of arms, a great quantity of ammunition and provisions.

We have letters and newspapers to-day from Dublin, dated the 21st inst.—Extracts from these will be found in the foregoing columns.—By these it appears that the army has begun to move, and various skirmishes are mentioned. No authenticated account has however yet been published, nor are the particulars stated further than that the rebels have uniformly been defeated.

Our letters from Cork are dated the 18th inst. and state, that a body of rebels had shown themselves in that county, but no doubt was entertained that they would soon be brought under.—A fortunate discovery had been made of a number of persons in Cork, who meant to have aided the rebels.—These have been mostly secured.

Our letters from Belfast are dated the 22d inst. All was quiet in that district, and the Court Martials were proceeding in the trials of various rebels.

A full detail of these articles will be found in the preceding columns.

The East India Company have taken up three large ships to carry troops to India, with all expedition.

Monday last, was married at Newtondouglas, JOHN SIMPSON, Esq. to Miss ELISABETH M'CAA, eldest daughter of Anthony M'Caa, Esq. of Craignell, banker in Newtondouglas.

Died, at Foremaking, the 8th instant, Miss MARY GORDON, daughter of the deceased Mr Robert Gordon, late merchant in Greenock.

Died on the 27th ult. Mrs MARSHALL, wife of Joseph Marshall, Esq. of Edrington.

Set off from the Star Inn, Glasgow, on Friday, the Right Hon. Lord BREADALBANE, and J. M'DOUGAL, Esq. of Ardincaple; and arrived Lord JOHN CAMPBELL, Admiral NUGENT and Lady, Major M'ALLISTER, Major BRISBANE, &c.

On Saturday the GOLD MEDAL given by the EDINBURGH GOLF CLUB, was played for on the Links of Leith, and gained by GEORGE MITCHELL, Esq.

This day, the SHROPSHIRE MILITIA, commanded by Lord POWIS, arrived here, to do the garrison duty.

The Glengary and Nottingham fencibles from Guernsey, and the Cheshire from Jersey, have lately been sent to Ireland. The former were relieved by the 10th and 23d regiments of foot, which, with the 61st and 81st regiments, are now in garrison at Guernsey. The 49th foot replaced the Cheshire at Jersey, where the royal garrison battalion, and 58th and 88th regiments are likewise.

The Royals sailed on Friday morning last from Port Patrick for Ireland with a fair wind.

The LOYAL FORFAR VOLUNTEERS were on Thursday last reviewed by LORD DOUGLAS, Lord Lieutenant of the county, in presence of COLONEL ALEXANDER FOTHRINGHAM OGILVY of Powrie, Deputy Lieutenant of the district, and several other respectable gentlemen, when his Lordship was pleased to express his entire approbation of the appearance of the corps and of their evolutions and firing.

The late Mrs LOCKHART of Lee, bequeathed 100l. to the Glasgow Royal Infirmary, which has been paid to the Treasurer.

UNIVERSITY OF EDINBURGH.

This day, the University of Edinburgh conferred the degree of Doctor in Medicine on the following Gentlemen, after the usual public and private trials:—

OF ENGLAND.

John Bostock, } *Quædam de Secretione in Genere, et præcipue de Formatione Felis completione.*
Robert Lewin, } *Quædam de Remotali Dotibus.*
Joseph Skey, } *Quædam de Materia Combustibili Sanguinis completione.*
Penwick Skrimshire, *De Assimilatione.*
James Hulme, — *Diabete Mellito.*
Foulkes Currie, — *Diabete.*
John Hewlson — *Morbis Cutaneis.*
Peter M. Roget, — *Chemiæ Affinitatis Legibus.*
John Pawsett, } — *Febris Intermittentibus Medendis.*
Wm. Gough Meylett, — *Calculosis.*
Warner Wright, — *Amaurosi.*

OF SCOTLAND

James Macfarlane, } *Quædam de Morbo, quo passæ Europæorum in India Orientali afficiuntur, ejus causis, et generali valetudine tumida.*
Thomas Brown, — *Hydarthro.*
George Campbell, — *Dyspepsia.*
Peter Mactaggart, — *Asthmate Spasmodico.*
Archibald Armstrong, — *Dysenteria.*
William Irvine, — *Epispasticis.*

OF IRELAND.

Matthew Scott Moore, — *Podagra.*
Charles Farrell, — *Podagra.*
Nathaniel Powell, — *Dyspepsia.*
Perse Phelan, — *Pulmonitide.*
James Markey, — *Ophthalmia.*
John Morgan, — *Dysenteria.*
Sylvester Downs, — *Variola.*

OF FRANCE.

Edmund Faucault, — *Febribus Intermittentibus.*

OF JAMAICA.

Paul Stevens Samuells — *Hæmoptysi.*

OF VIRGINIA.

Robert Downman, — *Puerperarum Peritonitide.*

CLACKMANAN—June 23. 1798.

At a General Meeting of the whole Farmers of the county held here this day, in consequence of previous advertisements in the Edinburgh newspapers, having made choice of Mr Thomas Miller, farmer at Inch, for their Preses, They came unanimously to the following resolutions:

I. That they are much interested in any law that may be passed for the regulation of the Scotch Distillery.

II. That in particular, they are deeply interested in preventing any tax from being imposed on unmalted grain.

III. That as no tax is imposed upon unmalted grain in England, it cannot be imposed upon it in Scotland, without *directly violating the articles of the Treaty of Union.*

IV. That a petition to both Houses of Parliament be presented against the bill, in so far as it is injurious to the interest of the farmers.

V. The following draught of a petition to the Hon. the House of Commons, and a similar one to the House of Peers, having been read, they were approved of, and immediately signed by all present.

Unto the Hon. the Commons of Great Britain, in Parliament assembled, the humble Petition of the Persons subscribing, Farmers in the County of Clackmannan,

Sheweth,

THAT your petitioners in their rotation or course of crops, necessarily raise large quantities of barley, a great part of which being of an inferior species, and by the humidity and coldness of the climate, generally rendered unfit for malting, can be consumed only in the distillery, in an unmalted state.

That the distillery having, for a long period of time, afforded to your petitioners an extensive market for their barley, particularly of the inferior sorts, they are consequently much interested in any law which may be passed for the regulation of that manufacture.

That the bill now depending in Parliament for regulating the Scotch distillery, contains various provisions injurious to the interests of the petitioners, *particularly in so far as it imposes a duty equal to the malt duty on all grain used by the distillers in an unmalted state.* And it must necessarily happen, that barley only of the *finest* quality will in future be made use of by distillers, which will operate to the discouragement of agriculture in Scotland, as well as to the prejudice of the petitioners.

That as no such duty is imposed on grain in England before it is manufactured, your petitioners conceive it to be absolutely and directly contrary to the words, as well as to the spirit of the Treaty of Union, to impose it upon Scotland.

By article 7th of that treaty it is provided, "That all the "parts of the United kingdom be for ever, from and after the "Union, liable to the same excises upon all excisable liquors.

Article 18th provides, "That the laws concerning regulations "of trade, customs, and such excises, to which Scotland is by "virtue of this treaty to be liable, be the same in Scotland "from and after the Union as in England, &c."

May it therefore please this Honourable House to allow your petitioners to be heard by themselves or counsel against such of the provisions of the said bill as are injurious to their interest.

VI. That the farmers in other counties be invited to join in opposition to the measure, and to send their applications to James Campbell, Esq. Solicitor, London; for defraying the expence of which a fund is already provided.

VII. Having considered the whole proceedings of the Committee since the last General Meeting, they approve thereof, and resolve, That the thanks of the Meeting be given to them, for their very proper attention to this subject; and that they be requested to continue to watch the progress of the bill, and to correspond with Mr Campbell, their Solicitor, and all others concerned.

VIII. That these Resolutions be published in the Scotch and English news-papers.

The Chairman having left the Chair, the thanks of the Meeting were unanimously voted to him, for his able and impartial conduct. Signed, THOMAS MILLER, P.

Shipping Intelligence.

SOUND INTELLIGENCE.

PASSED UPWARDS.

June 10. Industry, Forster, from Shields, for Grifswald, coals.
Zephyr, Clark, from London for Riga, ballast.
12.] Ayr, Boyd, from Dublin, for Petersburgh, do.
Dolphin, Mutchell, from Montrose, for Riga, do.

ARRIVED DOWNWARDS.

June 11. Amity, Bowman, from Lisbon, for Dundee, flax.
Centurion, Lyall, from Riga, for Montrose do.

From Gottenburg arrived to go with convoy.

June 11. Friendship, Watson, from Gottenburg, for Leith, iron.
Elisabeth, Stalker, from ditto, for Crail, do.

The Neptune, Alexander Lambert, from Kirkcaldy to the Anholt, with coals, has been put up here be stress of weather.—The L'Unite frigate, with the homeward bound trade, remain in the Sound wind bound.

Wind N. W.—Blowing fresh.

ELSINEUR, June 12, 1798. HOWDEN & CO

—*ARRIVED AT LEITH*—

June 23. Hawk, Tod, from Anstruther, wheat—Dainty Davie, Stewart, from St Andrews, do—Edinburgh and Berwick Packet, Cooper, from London, goods—Esther, Howison, from Kirkwall, do—Betsey, Robertson, from Berwick, grain.

TO LET,

A FURNISHED HOUSE, at North Berwick, lately poſſeſſed by James Dalrymple, Eſq. conſiſting of a dining-room, drawing-room of 27 feet, with ſeven bed-rooms, and five dreſſing rooms, beſides offices for ſervants, with laundry, waſh-houſe, dairy, and pidgeon-houſe.

A waſhing-green and well in the back court, coach-houſe for three carriages, ſtables for ſeven horſes, and other conveniencies.

A garden well cropped with garden ſtuffs and ſmall fruits, and ſeven acres of very fine old graſs.

For further particulars, apply to Charles Dalrymple, Eſq. North Berwick.

SALE OF SUBJECTS AT EDINBURGH AND DUDDINGSTON.

To be SOLD by public roup, within John's Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, on Wedneſday the 11th day of July 1798, at ſix o'clock afternoon,

THE FOLLOWING SUBJECTS, in Two Lots:

LOT I.—The FIRST FLAT of that Tenement at the Foot of the CALTON HILL STREET, Weſt Side, preſently let in two dwelling houſes, one conſiſting of two rooms, kitchen, and cloſets, poſſeſſed by Mrs Bennet, with two cellars at the back of the houſe; and the other poſſeſſed by Alexander Petrie, conſiſting of a room, kitchen, and cellar—Rent of both houſes, L.12.—The tenants have alſo the privilege of the Plot of Ground at the back of the tenement, in common with the other poſſeſſors thereof.

N.B. The whole flat was formerly occupied as one dwelling-houſe, and may be eaſily again converted into one.

LOT II.—The TWO HOUSES and YARD at WESTER DUDDINGSTON, which belonged to the deceaſed James Brown weaver there, and are preſently poſſeſſed by Walter Smith and others.

The title deeds and articles of roup are to be ſeen in the hands of William Lothian, writer in Edinburgh, who has powers to conclude a private bargain before the day of ſale.

AYRSHIRE.

To be SOLD, in one or ſeparate Lots, at Ayr, on Friday the 17th of Auguſt next, at one o'clock afternoon,

THE LANDS and Barony of BLAIRQUHAN, lying in the pariſhes of Straiton and Kirkmichael, and county of Ayr. The eſtate, which is contiguous, conſiſts of above 8000 acres Scotch meaſure, 4683 of which are arable, and almoſt the whole of the property is incloſed and ſubdivided. There is a going coal, and three inexhauſtible lime-quarries, with draw-kilns, in good order, upon the lands, beſides coal and lime in many of the farms. There are alſo ſeveral extenſive and thriving woods, and a conſiderable quantity of fine old timber round the manſion-houſe.

The eſtate affords Sixteen Freehold Qualifications.

For particulars, application may be made to Thomas Smith, writer, Argyle Square, Edinburgh, to whom thoſe wiſhing to make a private bargain, betwixt and the day of ſale, may apply

LANDS,

In the pariſh of Cullamond and county of Aberdeen.

To be LET, and entered to either now or at Martinmas next,

THE Watered FARM of WILLIAMSTON, conſiſting of about 100 Scots acres, deep rich ſoil, moſtly incloſed and ſubdivided, whereof 30 are rich haugh ground. The whole of this farm (excepting 17 acres broke up this crop) has been long in graſs and paſtured.

To this farm will be added about 60 acres adjoining, all likewiſe arable, whereon a good farm houſe and ſubſtantial offices are now erecting, the barn being conſtructed for a threſhing machine, which will have a great command of water.

Theſe lands lie in the heart of the Garioch, a remarkable fine corn country, about 24 meaſured miles north-weſt of Aberdeen, upon the banks of the water of Urie, within nine miles of the burgh of Inverurie, where it falls into the river Don, and to which a canal is now forming from the harbour of Aberdeen.

The overſeer at Williamſton will ſhew the grounds, and for farther particulars application may be made to Mr Alexander Shand, advocate in Aberdeen, or James Skinner, writer in Edinburgh.

JUDICIAL SALE OF CULROSS.

UPSET PRICE REDUCED TO £.17,000 STERLING,

THE LANDS and ESTATE of CULROSS, with the COAL and SALT WORKS, Feu-duties and Right of Patronage, &c. as formerly adverti ſed, at 21,402l. 6s. 6d. 8-12ths and afterwards at 19,000l. are to be expoſed to Sale by auction within the Parliament or New Seſſion Houſe of Edinburgh, by authority of the Lords of Council and Seſſion, on Wedneſday the 4th day of July 1798, betwixt five and ſix o'clock afternoon at the reduced upſet price of 17,000l. ſterling.

There are upwards of 500 acres of arable ground in the premiſſes, beſides muir ground. A Garden containing 12 acres, and 8 acres of planting around and near the manſion-houſe. The Parks of Abbey, Byrefield, Woodhead, and Gagie, which lie contiguous to the manſion houſe, are all in graſs.

The rent for the current year is only about 450l. but as thoſe parts of the eſtate under graſs are let from year to year, and the other farms on leaſes for three years, ſome of which expired at Martinmas laſt, a conſiderable riſe of rent may be expected on leaſes of longer endurance.

The manſion houſe is an elegant building, of excellent workmanſhip, pleaſantly ſituated, commmanding a moſt extenſive view of the Frith of Forth, and ſurrounding country, and the coal and ſalt works may be wrought to conſiderable advantage.

The eſtate holds partly of the Crown, and partly of ſubjects ſuperiors, and ſtands valued in the ceſs-books at 492l. Scots. The teinds are valued, and all exhauſted by the ſtipends allocated, and payable to the preſent miniſters.

The tenants will ſhew the lands, and the gardener the manſion-houſe and garden.

The conditions of ſale, and proven tental, with plans of the eſtate and coal works, are in the office of Mr Bruce, Depute-Clerk of Seſſion; and Robert Watſon, writer, Park Street, agent in the ſale, will furniſh intending offerers with printed copies of the memorial, and abſtract of the proven rental, and give all further neceſſary information.

SALE OF THE

ESTATE OF NORTHBAR OR SEMPILLHOUSE *POSTPONED.*

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, upon Wedneſday the 4th day of July 1798, at two o'clock afternoon,

THE Eſtate of NORTHBAR or SEMPILLHOUSE, and TEINDS thereof, held of a ſubject ſuperior, lying within the pariſhes of Inchinnan and Erſkine, and ſhire of Renfrew.

The eſtate is very pleaſantly ſituated on the ſouth bank of the Clyde, about ten miles from Glaſgow, twelve from Greenock, and about three miles and a half from Paiſley, by the bridge lately built at Barnsford, two miles and a half of which is turnpike, about a mile and a half of croſs road from the Glaſgow and Greenock road, which has been lately repaired, and is nearly as good as turnpike, runs through the lands to Erſkine Ferry. From this ſituation it poſſeſſes the advantages of a communication by water carriage to Glaſgow, Paiſley, and Greenock on the Clyde, and to Leith and London by the Canal, which joins the Clyde nearly oppoſite to the lands.

There is a manſion-houſe on the eſtate, which, at a little expence, might be rendered very commodious, and a large garden, beſides a very complete ſet of offices. About the houſe, there are ſome fine old trees, and there are ſeveral acres of young plantations in a very thriving condition. There are inexhauſtible quarries of free ſtone on the eſtate, and it contains ſeveral ſprings of very fine water.

The lands are almoſt wholly arable, and of a good quality; part of them well adapted for green crops of every kind; and, having been lately ſurveyed by Mr Johnſton, land-ſurveyor, he has reported them to conſiſt of 262 Scots acres, equal to 338 Engliſh.

The lands are at preſent very low rented; but the whole will be out of leaſe this year, except one farm of about 50 acres, on the ſouth ſide, of which four years are to run, but which may be got poſſeſſion of for a reaſonable allowance to the tenant; and a ſmall farm of 13 acres, out next year. Were the whole to be now let on leaſes for a reaſonable term of endurance, Mr Johnſton has reported his opinion that they ſhould yield a rent of 552l. 10s. per annum.

From the ſituation and other advantageas of this Eſtate, few more eligible ſpots can be found, either for a gentleman's reſidence, for villas, or a manufacturing village.

The plan of the eſtate, and ſurveyor's report, are to be ſeen in the hands of George Selkrig, accountant in Edinburgh, who is authoriſed to ſell by private bargain. Copies of the ſurveyor's report are alſo lodged with Robert Stewart, writer, Edinburgh, and Charles Crawford, writer, Glaſgow, to either of whom, or to the ſaid Charles Selkrig, application may be made for further particulars.

JUDICIAL SALE OF LANDS IN ROSS-SHIRE.

To be expoſed to public roup and ſale, before the Lord Ordinary on the bills, within the New Seſſion Houſe, Edinburgh, on the 27th day of June curt. 1798, (inſtead of 17th as formerly advertiſed,) betwixt the hours of four and ſix afternoon,

THE TOWNS and LANDS of AULTBEA, DRUMCHORKE, Salmon Fiſhing thereof, Teanaſilen and Blairmore, all lying within the pariſh of Gerloch and Sheriffdom of Roſs, belonging to Captain John Mackenzie of GrunzIard.

The total free rental, ſtock and teind, to which laſt the proprietor has alſo right, when taken ſome time ago, extended, after deducting 4l. 14s. 4d. for the public burdens, to 120l. 17s 7d. 3-12ths Sterling, which being valued at 25 years purchaſe the upſet price is 3022l. 1d. 3-12ths. Sterling.

But it is informed, that ſince the judicial rental was taken, the lands have riſen to about 160l. of groſs rent; and from their great extent, and local ſituation in the neighbourhood of the thriving fiſhing ſtation of Ullapool, eſtabliſhed by the Britiſh Society, a further conſiderable increaſe of rent may be expected, were leaſes to be given. The lands alſo extend a conſiderable way along the ſea coaſt, but no value is put upon the kelp in the above rental.

The articles and conditions of roup, titles, and printed copies of the memorial and abſtract of the rental, may be had at the office of Mr Alexander Roſs, depute clerk of ſeſſion, or of Mr Horne, W. S. No. 3. George Street.

SALE OF LANDS IN PERTHSHIRE.

On Wedneſday the 27th day of June 1798, between the hours of one and two afternoon, will be expoſed to ſale within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh—

THE LANDS of EASTER and WESTER CARIES, with the SALMON FISHINGS and Ferry Boat belonging thereto, and the Teinds, Parſonage, and Vicearage of the ſaid lands lying in the pariſh of Abernethy, and ſheriffdom of Perth.

Theſe lands, conſiſting of about 136 Scots acres, are of a very rich and valbable ſoil. There is a convenient Farm Houſe with ſuitable offices built upon them, and as the whole are now out of leaſe, the purchaſer may enter to poſſeſſion at the term of Martinmas next.

The articles of ſale and title-deeds of the lands may be ſeen in the hands of Alexander Duncan, writer to the ſignet.

LANDS IN THE COUNTY OF PERTH.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, upon Wedneſday the 4th of July next, at ſeven o'clock evening,

THE LANDS and ESTATE of LAURESTON, and MILN and MILN LANDS of TROTTICK, lying in the pariſh of Longforgan, and ſhire of Perth, about eight miles weſt from Dundee, and three from Polgavie, a ſhipping port in the Carſe of Gowrie.

The lands conſiſt of 300 acres or thereby, of which nearly 80 are under planting, chiefly above twenty-one years old, in the moſt thriving condition. This property commands an agreeable view of the river Tay.

The lands hold of ſubject ſuperiors, for payment of very trifling feu-duties.

There is a good manſion-houſe on Laureſton, and a garden, conſiſting of about three-fourths of an acre, incloſed with high walls, covered on both ſides with fruit trees of the beſt kinds. The ſteadings and office-houſes are in good repair, and there is an excellent ſtone quarry on the eſtate.

The lands of Laureſton having been in the natural poſſeſſion of the proprietor for ſeveral years, are in a high ſtate of cultivation.—The Mills and Mill Lands of Trottick, with ſome acres of Laureſton attached to it, are let to a tenant, whoſe leaſe expires at Martinmas 1799, when a very conſiderable riſe of rent may be expected.

The teinds of Laureſton were valued in the year 1779, previous to the improvements having been made.

For further particulars apply to Mr Thomas Mawer, writer in Dundee, or James Campbell, writer to the ſignet, who will ſhew the title deeds, plan, and rental of the eſtate, with the articles.——The premiſſes will be ſhewn by Mr EbenezerM'Killop, ſchoolmaſter in Aberaryte, near Laureſton.

ESTATE OF DELGATY FOR SALE.

To be Sold by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, the 20th day of Auguſt next, if not previouſly ſold by private bargain,

THE LANDS, BARONY, and ESTATE of DELGATY, (except that part to the weſt and north of the burn of Knockymiln, and a line dividing Burnſide from Hilltown, and running from the head of ſaid burn northward to the march in Redmoſs.) This eſtate comprehends the Mains and Manor place of Delgaty, the town and lands of the burgh and barony of Turriff, with the mills and multures thereof, and mill and mill lands of Gaſh, &c. all lying within the pariſhes of Turriff and Monquhitter, and county of Aberdeen, together with the Rights of Patronage of the Church and School of Turriff.

Theſe lands are of great extent, containing ſeveral thouſand acres, are capable of much improvement, lying within ten miles of the ports of Macduff and Banff, from which they are ſupplied with lime and coal. The whole eſtate is well accommodated with moſs. The eſtate holds of the crown, and the valued rent is 2200l. Scots. The preſent groſs rental, converting the victual and cuſtoms at a reaſonable rate, is about 1700l. Sterling. The public burdens are moderate.

The manſion-houſe is a noble old building, ſubſtantial, commodious, and in complete repair, equal to the accommodation of any family, with a large and elegant court of offices, lately built, containing every uſeful accommodation. There is around the houſe conſiderable plantations of full-grown trees, and more than 600 acres of thriving young wood of all kinds. Few villages can be better ſituated than the town of Turriff for manufactures of every kind, as there is a great command of water, ſufficient for any machinery.

The value, advantages, and ſituation of this large and extenſive eſtate are ſo well and generally known, as to require neither deſcription nor embelliſhment in a newſpaper.—A property ſo deſirable in every reſpect ſeldom appears in the market.

Part of the price will be allowed to remain on ſecurity, and the remainder will be accepted of by ſuch inſtalments as may ſuit the conveniency of a purchaſer.

Charles Begry, ground officer at Delgaty, will ſhew the lands and marches, and any perſon deſirous of further information may apply to the proprietor at Troup-houſe, to John Burnett, Eſq. of Ellrich, by Aberdeen, or Maxwell Gordon and John Morriſon, writers to the ſignet.

LANDS IN ANNANDALE.

To be Sold by public auction, within the King's Arms Tavern, Dumfries, upon Tueſday 24th July next, between one and two o'clock afternoon,

THE LANDS of BETWEEN THE WATERS, HOTTS, FOULTOUN, WHITELEES, and GILMARTIN, lying in the pariſh of Middlebie, either in whole, or in the following Lots:

LOT I.—Between-the-Waters,	rent	L. 36	
Foultown,	ditto	84	
Gilmartin,	ditto	35	
			L. 155
LOT II.—Hotts,	rent	L. 67	
Whitelees	ditto	35	
			L. 102
Total groſs rent			L. 257

Or if more agreeable to offerers each of the farms of Gilmartin and Whitelees will be ſold by itſelf.

Theſe lands are held of a ſubject ſuperior, and pay 3s. 1¼d. of feu duty, and 3l. 4s. 7d. of ſtipend. They conſiſt of about 440 Scots acres, a great part of which is a fine dry ſoil, the reſt is ſtrong ſoil, but remarkable for producing early and abundant crops, in ſo much that in the lateſt harveſts, the corns have all been ſold for ſeed. They lie quite compact, with a warm ſouth expoſure, about a mile from the turnpike road from Annan to Langholm, by Springhill, within a moderate diſtance of coal, and only one mile from different public lime works. The lands, as the name imports, being bounded on each ſide by a fine ſtream of water, the ſituation is pleaſant and favourable for improvement. There is a conſiderable quantity of large old timber, and of thriving young plantations. The lands are all incloſed, and moſtly ſubdivided, and the fences in general are good.

The lands of Between-the-waters, rented at 36l. may, by agreement with the tenant, be entered to by a purchaſer, in leſs than twelve months, and in excellent condition.

For further particulars, application may be made to Mr Stewart, at Hillſide, near Lockerby; or Mr David Balfour, writer to the ſignet, Edinburgh.

CITY MILITIA.

THE following Perſons, drawn by Ballot, as part of the quota for the CITY MILITIA, having failed to attend or find Subſtitutes, although due notice in writing had been given to them to appear in the New Church on Monday the 25th curt. at nine o'clock in the forenoon, viz.

1 Henry Dott, ſervant with Mrs Lumſdane, South Hanover Street.
2 Adam Dawſon, coppersmith, Weſt Bow.
3 Alexander Smith, footman, with Mr Gordon, Prince's Street.
4 Peter Murray, baker, with Mr Wemyſs, South Hanover Street.
5 John Aikman, waiter, with Mr Dumbreck, St Andrew's Square.
6. Archibald Rutherford, bookbinder, with Mr Miller, Forreſter's Wynd.
7. Alexander Boyd, footman, with Mr Gordon, Prince's Street.
8 Robert Flockhart, ſervant to James Carfrae, nailer, Leith, Sheephead Wynd.
9 William Forreſt, ſmith, Mrs Pentland's, Jack's Cloſe, Canongate.

They are therefore again required to attend an adjourned meeting of the Deputy Lieutenants and Juſtices of the Peace of the city and diſtrict adjoined thereto, at the New Church Aile on Thurſday next the 28th curt. at ten o'clock forenoon, to take the "oath of allegiance, and to faithfully ſerve in the "Militia, within that part of Great Britain, called Scotland, "for the defence of the ſame," during the preſent war, when called upon by his Majeſty ſo to do, and for the ſpace of one kalender month after the end thereof, and to be enrolled as Militiamen, or produce Subſtitutes, able and fit for ſervice, to be approved of by the Deputy Lieutenants; and in default ſhall ſuffer the pains and penalties, as by the act is directed.

JAMES JACKSON, Preſes.
JAMES LAING, Clerk.

SALE OF A FARM IN THE COUNTY OF ANGUS.

To be SOLD by public roup, on Wedneſday the 27th June 1798, in the Royal Exchange Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, between the hours of one and three afternoon,

THE LANDS of LEDCRIEFF, in the pariſh of Lundie, conſiſting of about 175 acres of arable and improveable ground, 25¼ acres of planting, of which three are hard wood, 3¼ acres of paſture, and 132¼ of muir, in all 336¼ acres or thereby, as preſently poſſeſſed by James Smith, the tenant, whoſe leaſe expires at Martinmas next. Theſe lands lie about three miles from Cupar Angus, thirteen from Perth, and twelve from Dundee, on the turnpike road from Cupar to Dundee, where lime is eaſily procured, and they are not above five miles from marle pits.

The farm ſlops to the ſouth and ſouth weſt ſo gently as to be worked with an ordinary ſtrength, and is capable of being cultivated to great advantage by the improved mode of huſbandry, with drill crops, and alſo of being water fatted in three ſeveral places; and is already nearly incloſed with dry ſtone dykes.

The extent, ſituation, and capability of improvement, render this an extremely eligible purchaſe for any perſon wiſhing to reſide upon, and farm the property.

The grounds and marches will be ſhewn by James Smith, the tenant, preſently reſiding at Flattfield, in the vicinity of Ledcrieff.

For further particulars application may be made to Mr Hugh Bremner, accomptant in Edinburgh, Ramſay Garden, who will receive private offers before the day of ſale.

SALE OF LANDS IN FIFESHIRE.

On Wedneſday the 4th day of July 1798, between the hours of ſix and ſeven afternoon, will be expoſed to public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh,

THE LANDS of WOODMILN, conſiſting of about 617 Scots acres, excluſive of a beautiful Loch, called the Loch of Lindores, containing about 70 acres, lying in the pariſh of Abdie.

Alſo the Lands of LETHAM and BURNSIDE, conſiſting of about 400 acres, lying in the pariſh of Scoonie.

The articles of ſale and title deeds may be ſeen in the hands of Mr Duncan, writer to the ſignt, Edinburgh.

ARGYLLSHIRE.

THE following LANDS are to be ſold by roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, at one o'clock afternoon of the 4th day of July 1798, viz.

DRUMSYNEBEG, GLASLET, and
DRUMSYNEMORE, TAYNELEOLD, CORREU,

All in the Pariſh of Lochgoilhead and Shire of Argyll.

Theſe Lands are at preſent low rented (about 160l.) but when the leaſes expire, great augmentations will take place—They are pleaſantly ſituated upon the ſide of Lochgoil, which abounds with ſea-fiſh, and by which there are eaſy communications with the Clyde—There is at leaſt one delightful ſituation for a Gentleman's reſidence, to the forming of which the natural woods will contribute not a little. The teinds are valued and exhauſted.

For other particulars apply to James Ferrier, writer to the ſignet.

N. B. Lieutenant M'Dougall of Lettermay, near Lochgoilhead, will ſhow the grounds.

AN EXTENSIVE FARM IN MID LOTHIAN:

To be LET for 19 years, and entered to immediately,

THE FARM of FORDELL, containing upwards of 300 acres all arable, incloſed and ſubdivided into proper incloſures, ſituated within three miles of Dalkeith and four of Muſſelburgh, at both of which places there are good weekly markets, and where plenty of dung can at all times be procured.

The ſituation of the farm is in all other reſpects extremely eligible, there being an inexhauſtible lime quarry in the grounds that has been rendered level free, which the tenant will have right to for ſix years, and there is abundance of coals in the immediate neighbourhood. The farm ſteading and offices are large and commodious, and the houſe ſuitable for the reſidence of a genteel family.

As it was only lately that the preſent tenant reſolved to quit poſſeſſion, the lands are in good order, and under a regular rotation of cropping, and the preſent crop laid down with proper graſs ſeeds. The incoming tenant will not only have the benefit of theſe improvements, but he will receive a proportion of ground prepared for turnip and ſummer fallow. He may alſo have the ſtock of horſes, ploughs, carts, &c. preſently on the farm, with a conſiderable quantity of dung, and likewiſe the crop now ſown, at a valuation, ſo that a more favonrable entry to an incoming tenant is ſcarcely to be met with.

The preſent tenant will ſhew the farm, and for particulars, as to the terms of the leaſe, &c. apply to Mr John Anderſon, W. S. George's Street, or Mr John Sommerville, No. 79, Prince's Street, Edinburgh.

TO BE SOLD,

By Public Voluntary Roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouſe, Edinr. on the 8th of Auguſt next, at two o'clock afternoon,

THE LANDS of GRANGE, lying in the pariſh of Carriden, and county of Linlithgow.

This eſtate is pleaſantly ſituated on the banks of the Forth, having an extenſive view of the Frith and oppoſite coaſt, within a mile of Borrowſtonneſs.

There are two good lodgeable houſes upon the property, to one of which entry may be had at Martinmas. The eſtate holds of the Crown, and affords two freehold qualifications. As the lands are at preſent poſſeſſed under old leaſes, all of which expire in three years, the rent will nearly triple upon a new ſet.

Alſo, The COAL and SALT-WORKS, with the ſeams of COAL and IRON-STONE, within ſaid eſtate, together with the village of Grange. This is one of the beſt ſituations in the frith of Forth for the Coal and Salt Trade. There are five ſalt-pans in good repair, and there is a very extenſive field of coal, of ſuperior quality. There are alſo ſome very rich iron-mines in the property, which are under leaſe for three years to Carron Company for payment of a royalty.

This property will be ſold, either the whole in one lot, or in two lots; the firſt being the lands, and the ſecond the minerals and works.

John Stark at Grange, will ſhew the lands, coal, and ſalt works, and iron ſtone mines; and for farther particulars apply to John Buchan, Eſq. W. S. or Robert Cathcart, W. S. Hill, ſtreet, Edinburgh; in whoſe hands are the title deeds, articles of ſale, and a plan of the eſtate.

DALKEITH.

To be Sold, upon Saturday the 28th day of July next, within the houſe of Mrs Johnſton, vintner in Dalkeith, betwixt the hours of 12 and 1 afternoon,

THAT Tenement of DWELLING-HOUSES, with the Stables, Garden, Smithy, and Pertinents, ſometime belonging to William Carfrae, and now poſſeſſed by him, James Bell, John Hunter, and Alexander Skedd, lying at the weſt end of the town of Dalkeith. The ground belonging to the premiſſes, from their centrical ſituation, may be feued to great advantage.

Theſe ſubjects hold of the Duke of Buccleugh, for payment of three ſhillings and four pence Scots of feu-duty.

The articles of ſale and title deeds to be ſeen by applying to John Ferrier, writer to the ſignet, Edinburgh.

FORBES's PECTORAL LOZENGES,

AN Effectual Remedy for the Cure of COUGHS, COLDS, SORE THROATS, HOARSENESS, and all Diſorders of the BREAST and LUNGS.

They give ſpeedy relief in Aſtmatic and Conſumptive Habit—they admirably allay the tickling which excites frequent coughing, and ſheathe the acrimonious humours occaſioning the ſame. One or two put into the mouth before riſing in the morning, will prevent the troubleſome coughs which many are ſubject to at that time, and the ſame when going to bed. In ſhort, whoever uſes them once, will be more ſenſible of their good effects than by any deſcription that can be given.

Prepared by A. FORBES, Surgeon and Apothecary, late of Fleet-ſtreet, London; and ſold (by particular appointment of the proprietor) in wholeſale and retail

By R. SCOTT, DRUGGIST, SOUTH BRIDGE.

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LEAKE's PATENT PILLS.

TO THOMAS TAYLOR, SURGEON,
No. 9. New Bridge Street, Blackfriars, London.

SIR, *Plymouth, Jan. 7*

IT is but juſtice to your invaluable Medicine, LEAKE's PATENT PILLS, (of which my father and ſelf have been the eſtabliſhed venders for you at this port twenty-five years) to ſtate to you, for the information and benefit of the Public, the following extraordinary CURE performed by them.

Mr B——, a young man, about four years ſince was affected with the Venereal Complaint, and on the firſt appearance of it had recourſe to an eminent ſurgeon, who adminiſtered the uſual routine of Medicines for a conſiderable time without effect; he then applied to another of the Faculty, from whom he took a variety of medicines to no purpoſe. About this time a foul ulcer appeared in his throat, and large ſwellings on his ſhins, which gave him ſuch dreadful excruciating pain, particularly when he was warm in bed, as to deprive him of reſt; he continued in this melancholy way ſome months, when a gentleman got him into a neighbouring infirmary, where he remained upwards of three months, and went through a regular mercurial courſe, and was for ſome time a little better; he was then diſcharged, and returned to this place, where, in a very ſhort time he became as bad or worſe than ever. He now tried ſeveral patent and advertiſed medicines, but in vain, and was at this period reduced to a mere ſkeleton, his legs were broken up with wounds and ulcers in ſeveral places, and much ſwollen, he was ſo altered as not to be known by his intimate friends, and expected that every ſucceeding hour would be his laſt.—In this melancholy helpleſs ſtate I ſaw him, and muſt confeſs if he had not told me his name, he was ſo emaciated, I ſhould not have known him. Having related to me the above melancholy tale, and knowing the great efficacy of your Pills, I aſked him if he would take ſome of them upon my recommendation. He ſaid he would, but he feared he was too far gone to expect any relief in this world. I ſent him four boxes, which he took, and when I called on him again, found him in better ſpirits, and able to ſit up in his chair. Soon after this he went to his friends in Cornwall, taking a ſupply of the Pills with him, which he continued for a conſiderable time according to your printed directions, gradually mending in health and conſtitution. About twelve months ſince he returned to this place, his legs perfectly well, grown jolly and ſtout, and as well as ever he was in his life. He married ſince his return, and about ſeven weeks ago was bleſſed with a fine, thumping, healthy boy. He has particularly requeſted me to ſtate to you the above extraordinary cure, that you may convey it to the Public in any manner you think proper. For my own part, when I firſt ſaw him, I gave him over for a loſt man, and never was ſo agreeably ſurprized as when he returned in full health and vigour, which, under the bleſſing of God, is to be attributed to your juſtly famous medicine, Leake's Patent Pills.—I remain your obedient humble ſervant

B. R. HAYDON,
Bookſeller and Printer at Plymouth to his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Clarence.

P. S.—Mr B. being a houſeholder in buſineſs here, wiſhes his name to be a ſecret, except to ſuch enquirers as you chuſe to communicate it.

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